# Department of Chemistry SBMS College, Sualkuchi

Subject	Chemistry	Semest	ter			I	
Course	B.Sc (Hons,)	Paper Code		CHE	-HC-101	4: Inorganic	Chemistry
Credit	4 (Theory) +2	Mark				heory)+20(Pi	•
	(Practical					•	·
Unit	Course Con	tent	Allotted t	o I	Hours	Month	Date
1	Atomic Structure: Bohr's theory, its limitation spectrum of hydrogen atomechanics: de Broglie equation, Heis Uncertainty Principle and significance, Schrödinger equation, significance of Quantum numbers and the significance. Normalized wave functions. Sign of wave functions for hydrogen at angular distribution curve p, d and f orbitals. Contour boundary	om. Wave senberg's d its r's wave $\psi$ and $\psi$ 2. heir and orthogonal wave functions.	Dr. Bhabes Chandra Deka		14	August	02-08-2022 to 20-08-2022
2	probability diagrams. Pau Principle, Hund's rule of multiplicity, Aufbau's pr limitations, Variation of with atomic number. <b>Periodicity of Elements</b> <i>s</i> , <i>p</i> , <i>d</i> , <i>f</i> block elements,	Dr. Bhabes Chandra	sh	16	August/Se ptember	21-08-2022 to	
	of periodic table. Detaile the following properties of the element reference to <i>s</i> & <i>p</i> -block.  (a) Effective nuclear charse screening effect, Slater response of effective nuclear charse table.  (b) Atomic radii (van der (c) Ionic and crystal radii (d) Covalent radii (octable tetrahedral)  (e) Ionization enthalpy, Sionization enthalpies and affecting ionization energy of ionization enthalpy.	s, with  rge, shielding or ules, variation ge in periodic  Waals) i. edral and Successive factors	Deka				15-09-2022

	(f) Electron gain enthalpy, trends of electron gain enthalpy. (g) Electronegativity, Pauling's/ Mulliken's/ Allred Rachow's/ and Mulliken-Jaffé's electronegativity scales. Variation of electronegativity with bond order, partial charge, hybridization, group electronegativity. Sanderson's electron density ratio.				
3	Chemical Bonding: (i) <i>lonic bond:</i> General characteristics, types of ions, size effects, radius ratio rule and its limitations. Packing of ions in crystals. Born-Landé equation with derivation and importance of Kapustinskii expression for lattice energy. Madelung constant, Born-Haber cycle and its application, Solvation energy. (ii) <i>Covalent bond:</i> Lewis structure, Valence Bond theory (Heitler-London approach). Energetics of hybridization, equivalent and non-equivalent hybrid orbitals. Bent's rule, Resonance and resonance energy, Molecular orbital theory. Molecular orbital diagrams of diatomic and simple polyatomic molecules N2, O2, C2, B2, F2, CO, NO, and their ions; HCl,BeF2, CO2, (idea of s-p mixing and orbital interaction to be given). Formal charge, Valence shell electron pair repulsion theory (VSEPR), shapes of simple molecules and ions containing lone pairs and bond pairs of electrons, multiple bonding (σ and π bond approach) and bond lengths. Covalent character in ionic compounds, polarizing power and polarizability. Fajan's rules and consequences of polarization. Ionic character in covalent compounds: Bond moment and dipole moment. Percentage ionic character from dipole moment and electronegativity difference. (iii) <i>Metallic Bond:</i> Qualitative idea of	Dr. Bhabesh Chandra Deka	26	Septembe r/ October	16-09-2022 to 20-09-2022

	valence bond and band theories. Semiconductors and insulators, defects in solids. (iv) Weak Chemical Forces: van der Waals forces, ion-dipole forces, dipole-dipole interactions, induced dipole interactions, Instantaneous dipole-induced dipole interactions.Repulsive forces, Hydrogen bonding (theories of hydrogen bonding, valence bond treatment) Effects of chemical force, melting and boiling points, solubility energetics of dissolution process.				
4	Oxidation-Reduction: Redox equations, Standard Electrode Potential and its application to inorganic reactions. Principles involved in volumetric analysis to be carried out in class.	Dr. Bhabesh Chandra Deka	4	October	21-09-2022 to 30-09- 2022
LAB	(A) Titrimetric Analysis (i) Calibration and use of common laboratory apparatus  (ii) Preparation of solutions of different Molarity/Normality of titrants (B) Acid-Base Titrations (i) Estimation of carbonate and hydroxide present together in mixture. (ii) Estimation of carbonate and bicarbonate present together in a mixture. (iii) Estimation of free alkali present in different soaps/detergents (C) Oxidation-Reduction Titrimetry (i) Estimation of Fe(II) and oxalic acid using standardized KMnO4 solution. (ii) Estimation of oxalic acid and sodium oxalate in a given mixture. (ii) Estimation of Fe(II) with K2Cr2O7 using internal (diphenylamine, anthranilic	Dr. Bhabesh Chandra Deka	10	August  Septembe r  October	

# **Department of Chemistry SBMS College, Sualkuchi**

Subject	Chemistry	Semester		I			
Course	B.Sc (Hons,)	Paper Code/N	ame	CHE-	HC-1026: P	hysical Ch	emistry
Credit	6 (Theory) +2	Marks			60 (Theor	y)+20 (Pro	ctical)
	(Practical						
Unit	Course (	Content	Allotte	ed to	Hours	Month	Date
1	Kinetic molecular mo	odel of a gas:	Mr. Ka	ngkan	18	August	02-08-22 to
Gaseous	postulates and deriva	tion of the kinetic	K. Ba	arua			25-08-2022
state	gas equation;						
	collision frequency; of						
	mean free path and vi						
	including their tempe	_					
	dependence, relation						
	path and coefficient of	•					
	calculation of $\sigma$ from viscosity with temper	•					
	Maxwell distribution						
	evaluating molecular						
	(average, root means						
	probable) and average						
	Behaviour of real gas						
	from ideal gas behavi	iour,					
	compressibility factor	r, Z, and its					
	variation with pressur						
	gases. Causes of devi	ation from ideal					
	behaviour. Van						
	der Waals equation o						
	derivation and applic						
	real gas behaviour, me						
	equations of state (Be						
	virial equation of state equation expressed in						
	calculation of Boyle						
	Isotherms of real gase						
	comparison with van						
	isotherms, continuity						
	state, relation betwee						
	and van der Waals co	onstants, law of					
	corresponding states.						
2	Liquid state:	6.4	Mr. Ka	-	6	August	26-08-2022
	Qualitative treatment		K. Ba	arua			to
	the liquid state; Radia function; physical pro						02-09-2022
	vapour pressure, surf						
	coefficient of viscosit						
L	COCITICICITY OF VISCOSI	ry, and then	<u> </u>			l	

	determination. Effect of addition of various solutes on surface tension and viscosity. Explanation of cleansing action of detergents. Temperature variation of viscosity of liquids and comparison with that of gases. Qualitative discussion of structure of water.				
3	Molecular and Crystal Symmetry Elementary ideas of symmetry, symmetry elements and symmetry operations, qualitative idea of point and space groups, seven crystal systems and fourteen Bravais lattices.	Mr. Kangkan K. Barua	6	Septem ber	03-09-2022 to 09-09- 2022
4	Solid state: Nature of the solid state, law of constancy of interfacial angles, law of rational indices, Miller indices,; X-ray diffraction, Bragg's law, a simple account of rotating crystal method and powder pattern method. Analysis of powder diffraction patterns of NaCl, CsCl and KCl. Defects in crystals. Liquid crystals (Introductory idea)	Mr. Kangkan K. Barua	10		10-09 to 23- 09-2022
5	Ionic equilibria:  Strong, moderate and weak electrolytes, degree of ionization, factors affecting degree of ionization, ionization constant and ionic product of water. Ionization of weak acids and bases,pH scale, common ion effect; dissociation constants of mono-, di-and triprotic acids (exact treatment).  Salt hydrolysis-calculation of hydrolysis constant, degree of hydrolysis and pH for different salts. Buffer solutions; derivation of Henderson equation and its applications; buffer capacity,buffer range, buffer action and applications of buffers in analytical chemistry and biochemical processes in the human body.  Solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble salts – applications of solubility product principle. Qualitative treatment of acid – base titration curves (calculation of pH at various stages).	Mr. Kangkan K. Barua	20		24-09-2022 to 31-10- 2022

LAB	Theory of acid–base indicators; selection of indicators and their limitations.  Multistage equilibria in polyelectrolyte systems; hydrolysis and hydrolysis constants.  1. Surface tension measurements. a. Determine the surface tension by (i) drop number (ii) drop weight method. b. Study the variation of surface tension of detergent solutions with concentration.	Mr. Kangkan K. Barua	10	August	
	2. Viscosity measurement using Ostwald's viscometer.  a. Determination of viscosity of aqueous solutions of (i) polymer (ii) ethanol and (iii) sugar at room temperature.  b. Study the variation of viscosity of sucrose solution with the concentration of solute.	Mr. Kangkan K. Barua	10	Septem ber	
	3. Indexing of a given powder diffraction pattern of a cubic crystalline system.  4. pH metry  a. Study the effect on pH of addition of HCl/NaOH to solutions of acetic acid, sodium acetate and their mixtures. b. Preparation of buffer solutions of different pH  i. Sodium acetate-acetic acid ii. Ammonium chloride-ammonium hydroxide c. pH metric titration of (i) strong acid vs. strong base, (ii) weak acid vs. strong base. d. Determination of dissociation constant of a weak acid.	Mr. Kangkan K. Barua	10	Octobe	

# **Department of Chemistry SBMS College, Sualkuchi**

Course	B.Sc (Hons,)						
	( , ,	Paper Code	e/Name	CHE	E-HG/RC-1	026: Atomic	Structure,
	/Regular	_		Bono	ding, Gene	ral Organic C	Chemistry &
				Aliphatic Hydrocarbons			
Credit	4 (Theory) +2	Mark	S	60 (Theory)+20(Pretical)		ical)	
	(Practical						
Unit	Course Cor	itent	Allotted	to	Hours	Month	Date
	What is Quantum mecha		Dr. Bhab	esh	16	August/	02-08-2022
	independent Schrodinger	equation and	Chandra I	Deka		Septembe	to 24-09-022
	meaning of	C C 1				r	24-09-022
	various terms in it. Signi	·					
	ψ <sub>2</sub> , Schrödinger equation atom. Radial	i for nydrogen					
	and angular parts of the l	nydogenic					
	wavefunctions (atomic o						
	their variations for 1s,						
	2s, 2p, 3s, 3p and 3d orb	itals (Only					
	graphical representation)	. Radial and					
	angular nodes and						
	their significance. Radia						
	functions and the concep	ot of the most					
	probable distance	1a and 2a					
	with special reference to atomic orbitals. Significa						
	numbers, orbital	ince of quantum					
	angular momentum and	quantum					
	numbers $m_l$ and $m_s$ . Shap	_					
	atomic orbitals,	-					
	nodal planes. Discovery	of spin, spin					
	quantum number (s) and	magnetic spin					
	quantum						
	number $(m_s)$ .	- ii					
	Rules for filling electron orbitals, Electronic confi						
	atoms. Stability	gurations of the					
	of half-filled and comple	etely filled					
	orbitals, concept of exch						
	Relative energies of	<i>5 6j</i> ·					
	atomic orbitals, Anomalo	ous electronic					
	configurations.						
	(14 Lectures)						
2	Chemical Bonding and	Molacular	Mr Vona	kan	16		02-08-2022
	Structure	Muccuiai	Mr. Kang K. Baru		10		to 24-09-022
	Ionic Bonding: General	characteristics	K. Dalt	ıa			

of ionic bonding. Energy considerations in ionic bonding, lattice energy and solvation energy and their importance in the context of stability and solubility of ionic compounds.  Statement of Born-Landé equation for calculation of lattice energy, Born-Haber cycle and its applications, polarizing power and polarizability.  Fajan's rules, ionic character in covalent compounds, bond moment, dipole moment and percentage ionic character.  Covalent bonding: VB Approach: Shapes of some inorganic molecules and ions on the basis of VSEPR and hybridization with
bonding, lattice energy and solvation energy and their importance in the context of stability and solubility of ionic compounds. Statement of Born-Landé equation for calculation of lattice energy, Born-Haber cycle and its applications, polarizing power and polarizability. Fajan's rules, ionic character in covalent compounds, bond moment, dipole moment and percentage ionic character. Covalent bonding: VB Approach: Shapes of some inorganic molecules and ions on the basis of VSEPR and hybridization with
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lattice energy, Born-Haber cycle and its applications, polarizing power and polarizability. Fajan's rules, ionic character in covalent compounds, bond moment, dipole moment and percentage ionic character.  Covalent bonding: VB Approach: Shapes of some inorganic molecules and ions on the basis of VSEPR and hybridization with
applications, polarizing power and polarizability. Fajan's rules, ionic character in covalent compounds, bond moment, dipole moment and percentage ionic character.  Covalent bonding: VB Approach: Shapes of some inorganic molecules and ions on the basis of VSEPR and hybridization with
polarizability. Fajan's rules, ionic character in covalent compounds, bond moment, dipole moment and percentage ionic character.  Covalent bonding: VB Approach: Shapes of some inorganic molecules and ions on the basis of VSEPR and hybridization with
Fajan's rules, ionic character in covalent compounds, bond moment, dipole moment and percentage ionic character.  Covalent bonding: VB Approach: Shapes of some inorganic molecules and ions on the basis of VSEPR and hybridization with
compounds, bond moment, dipole moment and percentage ionic character.  Covalent bonding: VB Approach: Shapes of some inorganic molecules and ions on the basis of VSEPR and hybridization with
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percentage ionic character.  Covalent bonding: VB Approach: Shapes of some inorganic molecules and ions on the basis of VSEPR and hybridization with
Covalent bonding: VB Approach: Shapes of some inorganic molecules and ions on the basis of VSEPR and hybridization with
Shapes of some inorganic molecules and ions on the basis of VSEPR and hybridization with
ions on the basis of VSEPR and hybridization with
of VSEPR and hybridization with
suitable examples of linear, trigonal
planar, square planar,
tetrahedral, trigonal bipyramidal and
octahedral arrangements.
Concept of resonance and resonating
structures in various inorganic and
organic compounds.
MO Approach: Rules for the LCAO
method, bonding and antibonding MOs
and their
characteristics for s-s, s-p and p-p
combinations of atomic orbitals,
nonbonding combination
of orbitals, MO treatment of
homonuclear diatomic molecules of 1st
and 2nd periods
(including idea of s-p mixing) and
heteronuclear diatomic molecules such
as CO, NO and
NO+. Comparison of VB and MO
approaches.
(16 Lectures)
3 Section B: Organic Chemistry-1 (30 Dr. Bhabesh 8 Septembe 26-09
Periods)  Chandra  Periods  Periods
Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry  Deka  17 October 2022 20-16
Physical Effects, Electronic 2022
Displacements: Inductive Effect,
Electromeric Effect, Resonance
and Hyperconjugation. Cleavage of
Bonds: Homolysis and Heterolysis.
Structure, shape and reactivity of

	organic molecules: Nucleophiles and electrophiles. Reactive Intermediates: Carbocations, Carbanions and free radicals. Strength of organic acids and bases: Comparative study with emphasis on factors affecting pK values. Aromaticity: Benzenoids and Hückel's rule.				
4	Stereochemistry Conformations with respect to ethane, butane and cyclohexane. Interconversion of Wedge Formula, Newmann, Sawhorse and Fischer representations. Concept of chirality (upto two carbon atoms). Configuration: Geometrical and Optical isomerism; Enantiomerism, Diastereomerism and Meso compounds). Threo and erythro; D and L; cis – trans nomenclature; CIP Rules: R/S (for upto 2 chiral carbon atoms) and E/Z Nomenclature (for upto two C=C systems).	Dr. Pulin Ch, Sarma	10	August	02-08- 2022 to 31-08- 2022
5	Aliphatic Hydrocarbons Functional group approach for the following reactions (preparations & reactions) to be studied in context to their structure.  Alkanes: (Upto 5 Carbons).  Preparation: Catalytic hydrogenation, Wurtz reaction, Kolbe's synthesis, from Grignard reagent.  Reactions: Free radical Substitution: Halogenation.  Alkenes: (Upto 5 Carbons)  Preparation: Elimination reactions: Dehydration of alkenes and dehydrohalogenation of alkyl halides (Saytzeff's rule); cis alkenes (Partial catalytic hydrogenation) and trans alkenes (Birch reduction). Reactions: cis-addition (alk. KMnO4) and trans-addition (bromine), Addition of HX (Markownikoff's and anti-Markownikoff's	Dr. Pulin Ch. Sarma	20	October/ Novembe r	01/09/202 2 to 05/11/202 2

addition), Hydration, Ozonolysis, oxymecuration-demercuration, Hydroboration-oxidation.  Alkynes: (Upto 5 Carbons)  Preparation: Acetylene from CaC2 and conversion into higher alkynes; by dehalogenation of tetra halides and dehydrohalogenation of vicinal-dihalides.  Reactions: formation of metal acetylides, addition of bromine and alkaline KMnO4, ozonolysis and oxidation with hot alk. KMnO4.  LAB  Section A: Inorganic Chemistry - Volumetric Analysis  1. Estimation of sodium carbonate and sodium hydrogen carbonate present in a mixture.  2. Estimation of oxalic acid by titrating it with KMnO4.  3. Estimation of water of crystallization in Mohr's salt by titrating with KMnO4.  4. Estimation of Fe (II) ions by titrating it with K2Cr2O7 using internal indicator.  5. Estimation of Cu (II) ions iodometrically using Na2S2O3.	Dr Bhabesh Ch Deka	15	Aug/Septe mber/Oct ober	
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Section B: Organic Chemistry  1. Detection of extra elements (N, S, Cl, Br, I) in organic compounds (containing upto two extra elements)  2. Separation of mixtures by Chromatography: Measure the Rf value in each case (combination of two compounds to be given)  (a) Identify and separate the components of a given mixture of 2 amino acids (glycine, aspartic acid, glutamic acid, tyrosine or any other amino acid) by paper chromatography  (b) Identify and separate the sugars present in the given mixture by paper chromatography.	Dr. Pulin Ch. Sarma	15	August/Se ptember/ October	
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# Department of Chemistry SBMS College, Sualkuchi

Subject	Chemistry	Semest	ter			II	
Course	B.Sc (Hons,)	Paper Code	e/Name	CH	E-HC-201	6: Organic C	hemistry
Credit	4 (Theory) +2	Mark	S		60 (Tł	neory)+20(Pro	ctical)
	(Practical						·
Unit	Course Co	ontent	Allotted t	to	Hours	Month	Date
1	Basics of Organic C	•	Dr. Pulin (	Ch.	8	January	18-01-2023
	Organic Compounds.		Sarma				to 31-01-
	and Nomenclature, H	•					2023
	Shapes of molecules,						
	hybridization on bond						
	Electronic Displacen						
	electromeric, resonan	ice and					
	mesomeric effects,	l +15 aim					
	hyperconjugation and applications; Dipole is						
	Organic acids and base						
	relative strength.	ses, men					
	Homolytic and Heter	olytic fission					
	with suitable example						
	rules, formal charges	•					
	and Nucleophiles; Nu						
	and basicity; Types, s						
	relative stability of C						
	Carbanions, Free radi	cals and					
	Carbenes.						
	Introduction to types						
	reactions and their me						
	Addition, Elimination						
	Substitution reactions	S.					
	Ctorro o ob omistro		D. DlL	1.	1.6	T/	19/01/2022
2	<b>Stereochemistry:</b> Fischer Projection, N	owmonn and	Dr. Bhab		16	January/	18/01/ 2023
	Sawhorse Projection		Chandr	a		February	to
	their interconversions		Deka				28/02/2023
	isomerism: cis-trans						
	isomerism E/Z notati	-					
	rules.	ons with C.1.1					
	Optical Isomerism: C	optical Activity.					
	Specific Rotation,	. ,					
	Chirality/Asymmetry	, Enantiomers,					
	Molecules with two						
	centres, Distereoison	ers, meso					
	structures, Racemic						
	mixture and resolutio						
	absolute configuratio	n: D/L and R/S					

	designations.				
3	Chemistry of Aliphatic Hydrocarbons 13	Dr. Pulin Ch. Sarma	24	February / March	01-02-2023 to 19-03-
	A. Carbon-Carbon sigma bonds				2023
	Chemistry of alkanes: Formation of				
	alkanes, Wurtz Reaction, Wurtz-				
	Fittig Reactions, Free radical				
	substitutions: Halogenation -relative				
	reactivity and selectivity.				
	B. Carbon-Carbon pi bonds:				
	Formation of alkenes and alkynes by				
	elimination reactions, Mechanism of				
	E1, E2, E1cb				
	reactions. Saytzeff and Hofmann eliminations.				
	Reactions of alkenes: Electrophilic				
	additions and their mechanisms				
	(Markownikoff/ Anti				
	Markownikoff addition), mechanism				
	of oxymercuration-demercuration,				
	hydroborationoxidation,ozonolysis,				
	reduction (catalytic and chemical),				
	syn and anti-hydroxylation				
	(oxidation). 1,2-and 1,4-addition				
	reactions in conjugated dienes and,				
	Diels-Alder reaction; Allylic and				
	benzylic bromination and				
	mechanism, e.g. propene, 1-butene,				
	toluene, ethyl benzene.				
	Reactions of alkynes: Acidity,				
	Electrophilic and Nucleophilic				
	additions. Hydration to form				
	carbonyl compounds, Alkylation of terminal alkynes.				
	C. Cycloalkanes and				
	Conformational Analysis				
	Types of cycloalkanes and their				
	relative stability, Baeyer strain				
	theory, Conformation				
	analysis of alkanes: Relative				
	stability: Energy diagrams of				
	cyclohexane: Chair, Boat and				
	Twist boat forms; Relative stability				
	with energy diagrams.				
4	Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Dr. Bhabesh	12	March	01/03/2023
	Aromaticity: Hückel's rule, aromatic	Chandra			to
	character of arenes, cyclic	Deka			19/03/2023
	carbocations/carbanions and				

LAB	heterocyclic compounds with suitable examples. Electrophilic aromatic substitution: halogenation, nitration, sulphonation and Friedel-Craft's alkylation/acylation with their mechanism. Directing effects of the groups.  (12 Lectures)	Dr. Pulin		18/01/2023
	1. Checking the calibration of the thermometer 2. Purification of organic compounds by crystallization using the following solvents: a. Water b. Alcohol c. Alcohol-Water 3. Determination of the melting points of above compounds and unknown organic Compounds. 4. Effect of impurities on the melting point – mixed melting point of two unknown organic Compounds. 5. Determination of boiling point of liquid compounds. (boiling point lower than and more than 100 °C by distillation and use of thiele tube method) 6. Chromatography a. Separation of a mixture of two amino acids by ascending and horizontal paper chromatography b. Separation of a mixture of two sugars by ascending paper chromatography c. Separation of a mixture of o-and p-nitrophenol or o-and p-aminophenol by thin layer chromatography (TLC)	Ch. Sarma  Dr. Bhabesh Chandra Deka	10	to 19/03/2023 18/01/2023 to 19/03/2023

# Department of Chemistry SBMS College, Sualkuchi

Subject	Chemistry	Semester				II	
Course	B.Sc (Hons,)	Paper Code/N	lame	CHE	-HC-2026:	Physical Ch	emistry
Credit	6 (Theory) +2	Marks			60 (The	ory)+20(Prc	tical)
	(Practical						ŕ
Unit	Course C	ontent	Allotte	d to	Hours	Month	Date
1	Chemical Thermodyn	namics:	Mr.		36	January	18/01/2023
	Intensive and extensive	e variables; state	Kangka	an K		/	to
	and path functions; iso		Barua				18/02/2023
	open systems; zeroth la	aw of					
	thermodynamics.						
	First law: Concept of l	_					
	internal energy, $U$ , and	statement of first					
	law; enthalpy, H, relation be	otwoon hoot					
	capacities, calculations						
	for reversible, irreversi	*· ·					
	expansion of gases (ide						
	Waals) under isotherm						
	conditions. Law of equ						
	energy, degrees of free	dom and molecular					
	basis of heat capacities	<b>5.</b>					
	Thermochemistry: Hea						
	standard states; enthalp	•					
	molecules and ions and						
	combustion and its app						
	calculation of bond ene						
	dissociation energy and from thermochemical of						
	temperature (Kirchhof	·					
	pressure on enthalpy of	- '					
	Adiabatic flame tempe						
	temperature.	, 1					
	Second Law: Concept	of entropy;					
	thermodynamic scale of	of temperature,					
	statement of the second						
	thermodynamics; mole						
	interpretation of entrop	-					
	entropy change for rev	ersible and					
	irreversible processes.  Third Law: Statement	of third law					
	concept of residual ent						
	absolute entropy of mo						
	Free Energy Functions						
	Helmholtz energy; vari						
	with T, V, P; spontane						

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	enthalpy change, entropy change and free		
	energy change considerations. Relation		
	between Joule-Thomson coefficient and		
	other thermodynamic parameters;		
	inversion temperature; Gibbs-Helmholtz		
	equation; Maxwell relations;		
	thermodynamic equation of state.		
	(36 Lectures)		
2	Systems of Variable Composition:	8	19/02/2023
_	Partial molar quantities, dependence of		to 28-02-
	thermodynamic parameters on		
	composition; Gibbs-Duhem equation,		2023
	chemical potential of ideal mixtures,		
	change in thermodynamic functions in		
2	mixing of ideal gases.		04.02.2022
3	Chemical Equilibrium:	8	01-03-2023
	Criteria of thermodynamic equilibrium,		to 11-03-
	degree of advancement of reaction,		2023
	chemical equilibria in ideal gases, concept		
	of fugacity. Thermodynamic derivation of		
	relation between Gibbs free energy of		
	reaction and reaction quotient. Coupling		
	of exoergic and endoergic reactions.		
	Equilibrium constants and their		
	quantitative dependence on temperature,		
	pressure and concentration. Free energy of		
	mixing and spontaneity; thermodynamic		
	derivation of relations between the		
	various equilibrium constants $K_p$ , $K_c$ and		
	$K_x$ . Le Chatelier principle (quantitative		
	treatment); equilibrium between ideal		
4	gases and a pure condensed phase.	0	12.02.2022
4	Solutions and Colligative Properties:	8	12-03-2023
	Dilute solutions; lowering of vapour		to 22-03-
	pressure, Raoult's and Henry's Laws and		2023
	their		
	applications. Excess thermodynamic		
	functions.		
	Thermodynamic derivation using		
	chemical potential to derive relations		
	between the four		
	colligative properties [(i) relative lowering		
	of vapour pressure, (ii) elevation of		
	boiling point, (iii) Depression of freezing		
	point, (iv) osmotic pressure] and amount		
	of solute. Applications in calculating		
	molar masses of normal, dissociated and		
	associated solutes in solution.		
	associated solutes III solution.		
5	Thermochemistry		18-01-2023
	j	1	10-01-2023

LAB	(a) Determination of heat capacity of a		to 22-03-
	calorimeter for different volumes using	30	2023
	change of enthalpy data of a known		2020
	system (method of back calculation of		
	heat capacity of calorimeter from known		
	enthalpy of solution or enthalpy of		
	neutralization). 17		
	(b) Determination of heat capacity of the		
	calorimeter and enthalpy of neutralization		
	of hydrochloric acid with sodium		
	hydroxide.		
	(c) Calculation of the enthalpy of		
	ionization of ethanoic acid.		
	(d) Determination of heat capacity of the		
	calorimeter and integral enthalpy		
	(endothermic and exothermic) solution of		
	salts.		
	(e) Determination of basicity/proticity of a		
	polyprotic acid by the thermochemical		
	method in terms of the changes of		
	temperatures observed in the graph of		
	temperature versus time for different		
	additions of a base. Also calculate the		
	enthalpy of neutralization of the first step.		
	(f) Determination of enthalpy of hydration		
	of copper sulphate.		
	(g) Study of the solubility of benzoic acid		
	in water and determination of $\Delta H$ .		
	Any other experiment carried out in the		
	class.		

# Department of Chemistry SBMS College, Sualkuchi

Subject	Chemistry	Semester		II			
Course	B.Sc (Hons)	Paper Code/N	ame	CHE-	CHE-HG/RC-2016: S- And P-Block		
	/Regular			Elemei	Elements, Transition Elements, Coordination		
				Chemistry States Of Matter & Chemical			hemical
				Kinetic			
Credit	4 (Theory) +2	Marks			60 (The	eory)+20(Prct	rical)
	(Practical						
Unit	Course (		Allott	ed to	Hours	Month	Date
1	s- and p-Block Eleme		Dr. Pul	in Ch.	10	January/	18/01/2023
	Periodicity in s- and p		Sarı	na		February	to
	with respect to electro	onic configuration,					22/02/2023
	atomic and						
	ionic size, ionization						
	electronegativity (Pau and Alfred-Rochow	iling, Mulliken,					
		C C and D					
	scales). Allotropy in Oxidation states with						
	elements in unusual a						
	states like carbides	and rare oxidation					
	and nitrides), inert pa	ir effect, diagonal					
	relationship and anon						
	first member						
	of each group.						
2	Transition Elements (		Dr. Bh	abesh	6	Jan/Feb	18/01/2023
	General group trends		Ch. I	<b>D</b> eka			to
	reference to electroni	c configuration,					12/02/2023
	variable valency,	4-143-					
	colour, magnetic and properties, ability to f	•					
	and stability of variou	_					
	oxidation states (Latin						
	Mn, Fe and Cu.	mer diagrams) for					
3	Coordination Chemis	try			14		13/02/2023
	Coordination compou						to
	ligands, Werner's the	ory, IUPAC					20/03/2023
	nomenclature and						
	isomerism in coordin	•					
	Stereochemistry of co	omplexes with 4					
	and 6	_					
	coordination numbers						
	Drawbacks of VBT	-					
	effect, octahedral syn field stabilization	imetry. Crystai					
	energy (CFSE), Cryst	tal field effects for					
	weak and strong field						
	weak and shong neld	s. renanculai	l				

	symmetry. Factors affecting the magnitude of D. Spectrochemical series. Comparison of				
	CFSE for <i>Oh</i>				
	and <i>Td</i> complexes, Tetragonal distortion				
	of octahedral geometry. Jahn-Teller				
	distortion,				
	Square planar coordination.				
4	Section B: Physical Chemistry-3 (30	Dr. Pulin	8	February/	23/02/2023
	Lectures)	Ch. Sarma		March	to
	Kinetic Theory of Gases				20/02/2023
	Postulates of Kinetic Theory of Gases				
	and derivation of the kinetic gas				
	equation. Deviation of				
	real gases from ideal behaviour,				
	compressibility factor, causes of				
	deviation. Van der Waals				
	equation of state for real gases. Boyle				
	temperature (derivation not required). Critical				
	phenomena, critical constants and their				
	calculation from van der Waals				
	equation. Andrews				
	isotherms of CO <sub>2</sub> .				
	Maxwell Boltzmann distribution laws of				
	molecular velocities and molecular				
	energies				
	(graphic representation – derivation not				
	required) and their importance.				
	Temperature dependence of these				
	distributions. Most probable, average				
	and root mean square				
	velocities (no derivation). Collision				
	cross section, collision number, collision				
	frequency,				
	collision diameter and mean free path of				
	molecules. Viscosity of gases and effect				
	of				
	temperature and pressure on coefficient				
	of viscosity (qualitative treatment only).				
5	Liquids	Mr.			18/01 to
	Surface tension and its determination	Kangkan K			11/02/2023
	using stalagmometer. Viscosity of a	Barua			
	liquid and determination of coefficient of viscosity				
	using Ostwald viscometer. Effect of		6		
	temperature on				
	surface tension and coefficient of				
	viscosity of a liquid (qualitative				
	treatment only).				
	doddiont only j.		<u> </u>	l	

-	Solids	Ma	8	12.02.2022
6		Mr.	8	12-02-2023
	Forms of solids. Symmetry elements,	Kangkan K		to
	unit cells, crystal systems, Bravais	Barua		28/02/2023
	lattice types and			
	identification of lattice planes. Laws of			
	Crystallography - Law of constancy of interfacial			
	angles, Law of rational indices. Miller			
	indices. X–Ray diffraction by crystals,			
	Bragg's law.			
	Structures of NaCl, KCl and CsCl			
	(qualitative treatment only). Defects in			
	crystals. Glasses			
	and liquid crystals.			0.4.40.0.0.0.0
7	Chemical Kinetics	Mr.	8	01/03/2023
	The concept of reaction rates. Effect of	Kangkan K		to
	temperature, pressure, catalyst and other	Barua		20/03/2023
	factors on			
	reaction rates. Order and molecularity of			
	a reaction. Derivation of integrated rate			
	equations			
	for zero, first and second order reactions			
	(both for equal and unequal			
	concentrations of			
	reactants). Half–life of a reaction.			
	General methods for determination of			
	order of a reaction.			
	Concept of activation energy and its			
	calculation from Arrhenius equation.			
	Theories of			
	Reaction Rates: Collision theory and			
	Activated Complex theory of			
	bimolecular reactions.			
	Comparison of the two theories			
	(qualitative treatment only).			
	(8 Lectures)			
	Section A: Inorganic Chemistry		15	18/01/2023
	Semi-micro qualitative analysis using	Dr. Bhabesh		to
	H <sub>2</sub> S of mixtures - not more than four	Ch. Deka		20/03/2023
	ionic species (two	CII. DEKA		20/03/2023
	anions and two cations and excluding			
	insoluble salts) out of the following:			
	CO <sub>3</sub>			
	2-, NO <sub>2</sub>			
	-, S <sub>2</sub> -, SO <sub>3</sub>			
LAB	2-, S2O3			
	2-, CH <sub>3</sub> COO-, F-, Cl-, Br-, I-, NO <sub>3</sub>			
	2-, CH3COO-, 1-, CI-, BI-, 1-, 1VO3			
	3-, C <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>			
	3-, C2O4 2-, PO4			
	3-,			

NH4 +, K+, Pb2+, Cu2+, Cd2+, Bi3+, Sn2+, Sb3+, Fe3+, Al3+,, Cr3+, Zn2+, Mn2+, Co2+, Ni2+, Ba2+, Sr2+, Ca2+, Mg2+ (Spot tests should be carried out wherever feasible) 1. Estimate the amount of nickel present in a given solution as bis(dimethylglyoximato) nickel(II) or aluminium as oximate in a given solution gravimetrically. 12 2. Draw calibration curve (absorbance at λmax vs. concentration) for various concentrations of a given coloured compound (KMnO4/CuSO4) and estimate the concentration of the same in a given solution. 3. Determine the composition of the Fe3+-salicylic acid complex solution by Job's method. 4. Estimation of (i) Mg2+ or (ii) Zn2+ by complexometric titrations using EDTA. 5. Estimation of total hardness of a given sample of water by complexometric titration. 6. Determination of concentration of Na+ and K+ using Flame Photometry.  Section B: Physical Chemistry (I) Surface tension measurement (use of organic solvents excluded). a) Determination of the surface tension of a liquid or a dilute solution using a stalagmometer. b) Study of the variation of surface tension of a detergent solution with concentration. (II) Viscosity measurement (use of organic solvents excluded). a) Determination of the relative and absolute viscosity of a liquid or dilute solution using an Ostwald's viscometer. b) Study of the variation of viscosity of surface tension of viscosity of surface	Mr. Kangkan K Barua	15	18/01/2023 to 20/03/2023
a) Determination of the relative and absolute viscosity of a liquid or dilute solution			

Study the kin	etics of the following		
reactions.			
1. Initial rate	method: Iodide-persulphate		
reaction			
2. Integrated	rate method:		
a. Acid hydro	olysis of methyl acetate		
with hydroch	•		
b. Saponifica	tion of ethyl acetate.		
c. Compare t	he strengths of HCl and		
H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> by stu	dying kinetics of hydrolysis		
of			
methyl acetat	te		

# Department of Chemistry SBMS College, Sualkuchi

Subject	Chemistry	Semes	ter			III	
Course	B.Sc (Hons,)	Paper Code	e/Name	СН	E-HC-301	6: Inorganic	Chemistry
Credit	4 (Theory) +2	Mark	<b>S</b>		60 (Tł	neory)+20(Pro	ctical)
	(Practical						
Unit	Course C	ontent	Allotted	to	Hours	Month	Date
1	General Principles of Chief modes of occumetals based on star potentials. Ellinghar reduction of metal of carbon and carbon reducing agent. Elec Reduction, Hydrom Methods of purifica Electrolytic Kroll process, van Arkel- and Mond's process	urrence of indard electrode in diagrams for exides using monoxide as extrolytic etallurgy. Ition of metals: rocess, Parting de Boer process	Dr. Bhabe Chandra D		06	August	02/08/22 to 08/08/22
2	Acids and Bases Brönsted-Lowry con base reactions, solve relative strength of a cid-base reactions, solvents, Lewis acid Classification of Le and Soft Acids and Application of HSA (8 Lectures)	ated proton, acids,types of levelling d-base concept, wis acids, Hard Bases (HSAB)	Dr. Bhabe Chandra D		08	August	09/08/22 to 20/08/22
3	Noble Gases: Occurrence and use rationalization of in gases, Clathrates; properties of XeF2, XeF6; Nature of borgas compounds (Vatreatment and MO to XeF2). Molecular signs compounds (VS	ertness of noble reparation and XeF4 and nding in noble lence bond reatment for hapes of noble	Dr. Bhabe Chandra D	eka	08	August	22/08/22 to 30/08/22
4	Inorganic Polymers Types of inorganic comparison with or synthesis, structural applications of silic siloxanes. Silicates	: polymers, ganic polymers, aspects and ones and	Dr. Bhabe Chandra D		8	September	01/09/22 to 09/09/22

	zeolites, polyphosphazenes, metalorganic framework compounds (MOFs).				
5	Chemistry of s and p Block Elements: Inert pair effect, Relative stability of different oxidation states, diagonal relationship and anomalous behaviour of first member of each group. Allotropy and catenation. Complex formation tendency of s and p block elements. Hydrides and their classification ionic, covalent and interstitial. Basic beryllium acetate and nitrate. Study of the following compounds with emphasis on structure, bonding, preparation, properties and uses. Boric acid and borates, boron nitrogen compounds, boranes, carboranes and graphitic compounds, silanes, oxides and oxoacids of nitrogen, phosphorus and chlorine. Peroxo acids of sulphur, interhalogen compounds, polyhalide ions, pseudohalogens and basic properties of halogens.	Dr. Bhabesh Chandra Deka	30	September/ October	12/09/22 to 20/10/22
LAB	(A) Iodo / Iodimetric Titrations (i) Estimation of Cu(II) and K2Cr2O7 using sodium thiosulphate solution (Iodimetrically). (ii) Estimation of (i) arsenite and (ii) antimony in tartar-emetic iodimetrically (iii) Estimation of available chlorine in bleaching powder iodometrically. (B) Inorganic preparations (i) Cuprous Chloride, CuCl (ii) Preparation of manganese(III) phosphate, MnPO4.H2O (iii) Preparation of aluminium potassium sulphate KAl(SO4)2.12H2O (Potash alum) or Chrome alum.	Dr. Bhabesh Chandra Deka	30	Aug- October	02/08/22 to 20/10/22

# Department of Chemistry SBMS College, Sualkuchi

Subject	Chemistry	Semester	emester III				
Course	B.Sc (Hons,)	Paper Code/N	ame	CHE-HC-3026: Organic Chemistry			
Credit	6 (Theory) +2	Marks		60 (Theory)+20(Prctical)			cal)
	(Practical						
Unit	Course	Content Allotte		ed to	Hours	Month	Date
1	Chemistry of Halo	genated	Dr. Pul	in Ch.	16	August	02/08/2022
	Hydrocarbons:		Sarr	na			to
	Alkyl halides: Meth						23/08/2022
	nucleophilic substitution reactions –						
	SN1, SN2 and SNi						
	stereochemical aspe						
	solvent etc.; nucleo	philic substitution					
	vs. elimination.						
	Aryl halides: Prepar						
	preparation from dia nucleophilic aromat						
	SNAr, Benzyne med						
	reactivity of alkyl, a						
	and aryl halides tow						
	substitution reaction						
	Organometallic con						
	Li – Use in synthesi						
	compounds.	C					
	(16 Lectures)						
2	Alcohols, Phenols,	Ethers and	Dr. Pul		16	Aug-Sept	24/08/2022
	<b>Epoxides:</b>		Sarı	na			to
	Alcohols: preparation						12/09/2022
	relative reactivity of						
	Bouveault-Blanc Re						
	Preparation and pro						
	Oxidation by period tetraacetate, Pinacol						
	· ·	1-Piliacolone					
	rearrangement;  Phenols: Preparatio	n and properties.					
	Acidity and factors						
	substitution reaction						
	Tiemann and Kolbe's–Schmidt Reactions, Fries and Claisen rearrangements with mechanism;						
		Ethers and Epoxides: Preparation and eactions with acids. Reactions of					
	epoxides with						
	alcohols, ammonia	derivatives and					
	LiAlH4						
	(16 Le	ctures)					

2	Carbanyl Compounds	Dr. Dulin Ch	1.4	Sont	12/00/2022
3	Carbonyl Compounds: Preparation, properties, structure and reactivity; Nucleophilic additions, Nucleophilic addition-elimination reactions with ammonia derivatives with mechanism; Mechanisms of Aldol and Benzoin condensation, Knoevenagel condensation, Claisan-Schmidt, Perkin, Cannizzaro and Wittig reaction, Beckmann and Benzil-Benzilic acid rearrangements, haloform reaction and Baeyer Villiger oxidation, α- substitution reactions, oxidations and reductions (Clemmensen, Wolff-Kishner, LiAlH4,NaBH4, MPV, PDC and PGC); Addition reactions of unsaturated carbonyl compounds: Michael addition. Active methylene compounds: Ketoenol tautomerism. Preparation and synthetic applications of diethyl malonate and ethyl acetoacetate. (14 Lectures).	Dr. Pulin Ch. Sarma	14	Sept	13/09/2022 To 30/09/2022
4	Sulphur containing compounds: Preparation and reactions of thiols, thioethers and sulphonic acids. (4 Lectures) Defects in crystals. Liquid crystals (Introductory idea)	Dr. Pulin Ch. Sarma	10	Oct	01/10/22 to 20/10/2022
5	LAB  1. Test of functional groups like alcohols, phenols, carbonyl and carboxylic acid group.  2. Organic preparations: i. Acetylation of one of the following compounds: amines (aniline, <i>o-</i> , <i>m-</i> , <i>p</i> toluidines <i>o-</i> , <i>m-</i> , <i>p-</i> anisidine) and phenols (β-naphthol, vanillin, salicylic acid) by any one method: a. Using conventional method. b. Using green approach ii. Benzolyation of one of the following amines (aniline, <i>o-</i> , <i>m-</i> , <i>p-</i> toluidines and <i>o-</i> , <i>m-</i> , <i>p-</i> anisidine) and one of the following phenols (β-naphthol, resorcinol, pcresol) by	Dr. Pulin Ch. Sarma	30	Aug-Oct	02/08/2022 to 20/10/2022

 Schotten-Baumann reaction.				
iii. Oxidation of ethanol/ isopropanol		30		
(Iodoform reaction).				
iv. Bromination of any one of the				
following:				
a. Acetanilide by conventional				
methods				
b. Acetanilide using green approach				
(Bromate-bromide method)				
v. Nitration of any one of the				
following:				
a. Acetanilide/nitrobenzene by				
conventional method				
b. Salicylic acid by green approach				
(using ceric ammonium nitrate). 22				
vi. Selective reduction of <i>meta</i>				
dinitrobenzene to <i>m</i> -nitroaniline.				
vii. Reduction of <i>p</i> -nitrobenzaldehyde				
by sodium borohydride.				
viii. Hydrolysis of amides and esters.				
ix. Semicarbazone of any one of the				
following compounds: acetone, ethyl				
methyl ketone, cyclohexanone,				
benzaldehyde.				
x. S-Benzylisothiouronium salt of one				
each of water soluble and water				
insoluble acids(benzoic acid, oxalic				
acid, phenyl acetic acid and phthalic				
acid).				
xi. Aldol condensation using either				
conventional or green method.				
xii. Benzil-Benzilic acid				
rearrangement.				
The above preparations should be done				
using 0.5-1g of the organic compound.				
The solid samples must be collected				
and may be used for recrystallization,				
melting point and TLC.				
	· ·		1	

Subject	Chemistry	Semester				III	
Course	B.Sc (Hons,)	Paper Code/N	ame	CHE-I	HC-3036: P	hysical Che	emistry
Credit	6 (Theory) +2	Marks				y)+20(Prcti	
	(Practical				·	• ,	
Unit	Course Co	ontent	Allott	ed to	Hours	Month	Date
1	Phase Equilibria:		Mr. Ka	ngkan	28	August-	02/08/2022
2	Phase Equilibria: Concept of phases, compof freedom, derivation of for nonreactive and react Clausius-Clapeyron equal applications to solidliqui and solid-vapour equilibrior one component systemapplications.  Phase diagrams for systemapplications. Phase diagrams for systemapplications. Phase diagrams for systemapplications: Gibbsequilibria involving eutemapplications: Gibbsequation, its derivation affactional distillation of liquids (ideal and nonidemapplications). CST, miscible pairs, steamapplications. Chemical Kinetics	Gibbs Phase Rule ive systems; ation and its d,liquid-vapour ria, phase diagram ms, with ms of solid-liquid ctic, congruent and ats, solid solutions. Duhem-Margules and applications to binary miscible al), azeotropes, ality of liquids, m distillation.	Mr. Ka	nrua	18	August- Sept	02/08/2022 to 07/09/2022
	Order and molecularity of laws in terms of the advareaction, differential and rate expressions up to sereactions, experimental reference determination of rate law complex reactions (integent expressions up to first or Opposing reactions (ii) pand (iii) consecutive reactions.  Temperature dependence Arrhenius equation; active Collision theory of reactive Lindemann mechanism, treatment of the theory or rates.  Reaction mechanism-stead approximation methods.	integrated form of cond order methods of the vs, kinetics of rated rate der only): (i) marallel reactions etions and their s (iv) chain e of reaction rates; vation energy. It is in the condition of the conditio	K Ba	-		Зерг	to 30/09/2022
3	Catalysis:		Mr. Ka	nokan	8	Sept	01/10/2022
<u> </u>	Catalysis.		1V11 . IXA	ngkan	Ö	Бері	01/10/2022

	Types of catalyst, specificity and	K Barua			To
	selectivity, mechanisms of catalyzed	K Datua			14/10/2022
	reactions at solid surfaces; effect of particle				14/10/2022
	size and efficiency of nanoparticles as				
	catalysts. Enzyme catalysis, Michaelis-				
	•				
4	Menten mechanism, acid-base catalysis.	M., IZ.,		0.4	15/10/22 4-
4	Surface chemistry:	Mr. Kangkan	6	Oct	15/10/22 to
	Physical adsorption, chemisorption,	K Barua			20/10/2022
	adsorption isotherms, nature of adsorbed				
	state.	M 17 1		A 0 1	02/00/2022
5	LAB	Mr. Kangkan		Aug-Oct	02/08/2022
	I. Determination of critical solution	K Barua	30		to
	temperature and composition of the phenol-				20/10/2022
	water				
	system and to study the effect of impurities				
	on it.				
	II. Phase equilibria: Construction of the				
	phase diagram using cooling curves or				
	ignition				
	tube method:				
	a. simple eutectic and				
	b. congruently melting systems.				
	III. Distribution of acetic/ benzoic acid				
	between water and cyclohexane.				
	IV. Study the equilibrium of at least one of				
	the following reactions by the distribution				
	method:				
	(i) $I_2(aq) + I \rightarrow I_3(aq)_{2+}$				
	(ii) $Cu_{2+}(aq) + nNH_3 \rightarrow Cu(NH_3)_n$				
	V. Study the kinetics of the following				
	reactions.				
	1. Initial rate method: Iodide-persulphate				
	reaction				
	2. Integrated rate method:				
	a. Acid hydrolysis of methyl acetate with				
	hydrochloric acid.				
	b. Saponification of ethyl acetate.				
	3. Compare the strengths of HCl and H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>				
	by studying kinetics of hydrolysis of methyl				
	acetate.				
	VI. Adsorption				
	I. Verify the Freundlich and Langmuir				
	isotherms for adsorption of acetic acid on				
	activated charcoal.				

# **Department of Chemistry SBMS College, Sualkuchi**

Cubicat	t Chemistry Semester III						
Subject	Chemistry	Semester					
Course	B.Sc (Hons,)	Paper Code/Name		CHE-HG/RC-3016: Chemical Energetics,			
	/Regular			Equilibria & Functional Organic Chemistry			
Credit	6 (Theory) +2	<b>Marks</b> : 60	)		60 (Theor	ry)+20(Prcti	cal)
	(Practical						
Unit	Course	Content	Allotte	ed to	Hours	Month	Date
1	Chemical Energeti	cs	Mr. K	. K.	10	August	02/08/2022
	Review of thermody	ynamics and the	Bar	ua			to
	Laws of Thermodyn	namics.					13/08/2022
	Important principles	s and definitions of					
	thermochemistry. C	oncept of standard					
	state and						
	standard enthalpies	of formations,					
	integral and differer	ntial enthalpies of					
	solution and dilution	n.					
	Calculation of bond	energy, bond					
	dissociation energy	and resonance					
	energy from						
	thermochemical dat						
	enthalpy of a reaction	on with temperature					
	- Kirchhoff's						
	equation. Statement						
	thermodynamics an						
	absolute entropies of	of					
	substances.				_		
2	Chemical Equilibr		Mr. K		8	Aug	16/08/2022
	Free energy change		Bar	ua			to
	reaction. Thermody						25/08/2022
	the law of chemical						
	equilibrium. Distinct						
	and $\Delta G_0$ , Le Chatel	ier's principie.					
	Relationships	V for reactions					
	between $K_p$ , $K_c$ and						
3	involving ideal gase  Ionic Equilibria:	75.	Mr. K	V	12	Ana	26/08/2022
3	Strong, moderate an	nd wook	Bar		12	Aug	to
	electrolytes, degree		Dai	ua		/Sept	09/09/2022
	factors affecting deg						09/09/2022
	ionization, ionization						
	ionic product of war						
	weak acids and base						
	pH scale, common i	-					
	hydrolysis-calculati						
	constant, degree of	on of figurorysis					
	Constant, degree of						

	T		1	ı	1
	hydrolysis and pH for different salts.				
	Buffer solutions. Solubility and				
	solubility product of				
	sparingly soluble salts – applications				
	of solubility product principle.				
4	Section B: Organic Chemistry	Dr. Pulin Ch.	8		10/09/2022
	Aromatic hydrocarbons	Sarma			to
	Preparation (Case benzene): from				21/09/2022
	phenol, by decarboxylation, from				
	acetylene, from benzene				
	sulphonic acid.				
	Reactions: (Case benzene):				
	Electrophilic substitution: nitration,				
	halogenation and				
	sulphonation. Friedel-Craft's reaction				
	(alkylation and acylation) (upto 4				
	carbons on benzene).				
	Side chain oxidation of alkyl benzenes				
	(upto 4 carbons on benzene).	D D 1: CI			22/00/2022
5	Alkyl Halides (Upto 5 Carbons) Types	Dr. Pulin Ch.			22/09/2022
	of Nucleophilic Substitution (S <sub>N</sub> 1, S <sub>N</sub> 2	Sarma			to
	and S <sub>N</sub> i)				30/09/2022
	reactions.				
	Preparation: from alkenes and				
	alcohols.				
	Reactions: hydrolysis, nitrite & nitro				
	formation, nitrile & isonitrile				
	formation. Williamson's				
	ether synthesis: Elimination vs				
	substitution.				
	<b>Aryl Halides</b> <i>Preparation:</i> (Chloro,				
	bromo and iodo-benzene case): from				
	phenol, Sandmeyer				
	& Gattermann reactions.				
	Reactions (Chlorobenzene): Aromatic				
	nucleophilic substitution (replacement		8		
	by –OH group)				
	and effect of nitro substituent.				
	Benzyne Mechanism: KNH2/NH3 (or				
	NaNH <sub>2</sub> /NH <sub>3</sub> ).				
	Reactivity and Relative strength of C-				
	Halogen bond in alkyl, allyl, benzyl,				
	vinyl and aryl				
	halides.				
6	<b>Alcohols:</b> <i>Preparation:</i> Preparation of	Dr. Pulin Ch.	14	October	01/10/2022
	1 <sub>o</sub> , 2 <sub>o</sub> and 3 <sub>o</sub> alcohols: using Grignard	Sarma			to
	reagent, Ester				20/10/2022
	hydrolysis, Reduction of aldehydes,				
	ketones, carboxylic acid and esters.				
	Reactions: With sodium, HX (Lucas				
	test), esterification, oxidation (with				
	/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /			1	1

DCC -11- VM-O	
PCC, alk. KMnO <sub>4</sub> ,	
acidic dichromate, conc. HNO <sub>3</sub> ).	
Oppeneauer oxidation <i>Diols</i> : (Upto 6	
Carbons) oxidation of	
diols. Pinacol-Pinacolone	
rearrangement.	
Phenols: (Phenol case) Preparation:	
Cumene hydroperoxide method, from	
diazonium salts.	
Reactions: Electrophilic substitution:	
Nitration, halogenation and	
sulphonation. Reimer-	
Tiemann Reaction, Gattermann-Koch	
Reaction, Houben–Hoesch	
Condensation, Schotten –	
Baumann Reaction.	
Ethers (aliphatic and aromatic):	
Cleavage of ethers with HI.	
Aldehydes and ketones (aliphatic	
and aromatic): (Formaldehye,	
acetaldehyde, acetone and	
benzaldehyde)	
Preparation: from acid chlorides and	
from nitriles.	
Reactions – Reaction with HCN, ROH,	
NaHSO <sub>3</sub> , NH <sub>2</sub> -G derivatives. Iodoform	
test. Aldol	
Condensation, Cannizzaro's reaction,	
Wittig reaction, Benzoin condensation.	
Clemensen	
reduction and Wolff Kishner	
reduction. Meerwein-Pondorff Verley	
reduction.	
LAB Section A: Physical Chemistry Mr. Kangkan	
Thermochemistry K Barua	
1. Determination of heat capacity of	
calorimeter for different volumes.	
2. Determination of enthalpy of	
neutralization of hydrochloric acid	
with sodium	
hydroxide.	
3. Determination of enthalpy of	
ionization of acetic acid.	
4. Determination of integral enthalpy	
of solution of salts (KNO <sub>3</sub> , NH <sub>4</sub> Cl).	
5. Determination of enthalpy of	
hydration of copper sulphate.	
6. Study of the solubility of benzoic	
acid in water and determination of $\Delta H$ .	
Ionic equilibria	
pH measurements	

a) Measurement of pH of different solutions like aerated drinks, fruit juices, shampoos and soaps (use dilute solutions of soaps and shampoos to prevent damage to the glass electrode) using pH-meter.			
b) Preparation of buffer solutions: (i) Sodium acetate-acetic acid (ii) Ammonium chloride-ammonium hydroxide Measurement of the pH of buffer solutions and comparison of the values with theoretical values.  Section B: Organic Chemistry 1. Purification of organic compounds by crystallization (from water and alcohol) and distillation. 2. Criteria of Purity: Determination of melting and boiling points. 3. Preparations: Mechanism of various reactions involved to be discussed. Recrystallisation, determination of melting point and calculation of quantitative yields to be done. (a) Bromination of Phenol/Aniline (b) Benzoylation of amines/phenols (c) Oxime and 2,4	Dr. Bhabesh Ch. Deka		
dinitrophenylhydrazone of aldehyde/ketone			

# Department of Chemistry SBMS College, Sualkuchi

Subject	Chemistry	Semest	er	IV			
Course	B.Sc (Hons,)	Paper Code	e/Name	СН	E-HC-401	6: Inorganic	Chemistry
Credit	4 (Theory) +2	Mark	S		60 (T	heory)+20(Pi	rctical)
	(Practical						
Unit	Course Co	ontent	Allotted	to	Hours	Month	Date
Unit 1	Course Content  Coordination Chemistry: Coordination compounds, types of ligands, Werner's theory, IUPAC nomenclature and isomerism in coordination compounds. Stereochemistry of complexes with 4 and 6 coordination numbers. Valence bond theory (inner and outer orbital complexes), electroneutrality principle and back bonding. Crystal field theory, measurement of 10 Dq (Δο), CFSE in weak and strong fields, pairing energies, factors affecting the magnitude of 10 Dq (Δο, Δt).Octahedral vs. tetrahedral coordination, tetragonal distortions from octahedral geometry Jahn-Teller theorem, square planar geometry. Qualitative aspects of ligand field and MO Theory.		Allotted  Dr.Bhaber  Ch. Deka	sh	26	Month Jan /Feb	Date 18/01/23 to 27/02/23
	Chelate effect, polynt complexes, labile and complexes						
2	complexes.  Transition Elements: General group trends with special reference to electronic configuration, colour, variable valency, magnetic and catalytic properties, ability to form complexes. Stability of various oxidation states and e.m.f. (Latimer & Frost diagrams). Difference between the first, second and third transition series. Chemistry of Ti, V, Cr Mn, Fe and Co (Chemistry of first -row transition elements) in various oxidation states as halides, oxides, hydroxides.		Dr.Bhabe Ch. Deka	a	18	Feb/Mar	28/02/23 to 24/03/23
3	Lanthanoids and Ac Electronic configurat states, colour, spectra	ion, oxidation	Dr.Bhabe Ch. Deka		6	Mar	25/03/23 to 31/03/23

					<del>                                     </del>
	properties, lanthanide contraction,				
	separation of lanthanides (ion-				
	exchange method only).				
4	Bioinorganic Chemistry:	Dr.Bhabesh	10	Apr	01/04/23 to
	Metal ions present in biological	Ch. Deka			12/04/23
	systems, classification of elements				
	according to their action in biological				
	system. Geochemical effect on the				
	distribution of metals. Sodium / K-				
	pump, carbonic anhydrase and				
	carboxypeptidase. Excess and				
	deficiency of some trace metals.				
	Toxicity of metal ions (Hg, Pb, Cd				
	and As), reasons for toxicity, Use of				
	chelating agents in medicine.				
	Iron and its application in bio-				
	systems, Haemoglobin; Storage and				
	transfer of iron.				
LAB	Gravimetric Analysis:	Dr.Bhabesh			18/01/23 to
	i. Estimation of nickel(II) using	Ch. Deka			12/04/23
	dimethylglyoxime (DMG).				
	ii. Estimation of copper as CuSCN				
	iii. Estimation of iron as Fe2O3 by				
	precipitating iron as Fe(OH)3.				
	iv. Estimation of Al (III) by				
	precipitating with oxine and		30		
	weighing as Al(oxine)3 (aluminium				
	oxinate).				
	Inorganic Preparations:				
	i. Tetraamminecopper(II) sulphate,				
	[Cu(NH3)4]SO4.H2O				
	ii. Cis and trans				
	K[Cr(C2O4)2.(H2O)2] Potassium				
	dioxalatodiaquachromate (III)				
	iii. Tetraamminecarbonatocobalt (III)				
	ion				
	iv. Potassium tris(oxalato)ferrate(III)				
	Chromatography of metal ions				
	Principles involved in				
	chromatographic separations. Paper				
	chromatographic separation of				
	following metal ions:				
	i. Ni(II) and Co(II)				
	ii. Fe(III) and Al(III)				

# **Department of Chemistry SBMS College, Sualkuchi**

Subject	Chemistry	Semester	Semester IV				
Course	B.Sc (Hons)	Paper Code/N	ame	CHE-HC-4026: Organic Chemistry			
Credit	4 (Theory) +2	Marks			60 (Theor	y)+20(Prcti	cal)
	(Practical						
Unit	Course	Content	Allotte	ed to	Hours	Month	Date
1	Nitrogen Containi	ng Functional	Dr. Pul	in Ch.	18	Jan/Feb	18/01/2023
	Groups		Sarr	na			to 17/02/23
		Preparation and important reactions of					
	nitro and compounds, nitriles and						
	isonitriles						
	Amines: Effect of s						
	solvent on basicity;						
	properties: Gabriel						
	synthesis, Carbylan						
	Mannich reaction, I exhaustive methylat						
	elimination reaction						
	between 1°, 2° and 3						
	Hinsberg reagent an						
	Diazonium Salts: Pr						
	synthetic application	•					
2	Polynuclear Hydro		Dr. Pul	in Ch.	8	Feb	18/02/2023
	Reactions of naphth		Sarr	na			to 28/02/23
	and anthracene Stru	_					
	and structure elucid	ation and important					
	derivatives of napht						
	anthracene; Polynuc						
3	Heterocyclic Comp		Dr. Puli		22	March	01/03/2023
	Classification and n	·	Sarr	na			to 27/03/23
	Structure, aromatici	-					
	and 6-membered rir	igs containing one					
	heteroatom; Synthesis, reactions	and machanism of					
	substitution reaction						
	Furan, Pyrrole (Paal						
	Knorr pyrrole synth	•					
	synthesis), Thiopher						
	(Hantzsch synthesis						
	Indole: Fischer indo						
	Madelung synthesis						
	Quinoline and isoqu	iinoline: Skraup					
	synthesis, Friedland						
	Knorr quinoline syn						
	Miller synthesis, Bi						

	1 7 7 7 1 .		I	1	
	reaction, Pictet-Spengler reaction,				
	Pomeranz-Fritsch reaction				
4	Alkaloids	Dr. Pulin Ch.	6		28/3/23 to
	Natural occurrence, General structural	Sarma			04/04/23
	features, Isolation and their				
	physiological action Hoffmann's				
	exhaustive methylation, Emde's				
	modification, Structure elucidation and				
	synthesis of Nicotine. Medicinal				
	importance of Nicotine, Hygrine,				
	Quinine, Morphine, Cocaine, and				
	Reserpine.				
5	Terpenes	Dr. Pulin Ch.			05/04/23 to
	Occurrence, classification, isoprene	Sarma			12/04/23
	rule; Elucidation of structure and				
	synthesis of Citral, Neral and α-				
	terpineol.				
	(6 Lectures)				
LAB	1. Detection N, S, halogens in organic	Dr. Pulin Ch.	30		18/01/23 to
	compounds.	Sarma			12/04/23
	2. Functional group test for nitro,				
	amine and amide groups.				
	3. Qualitative analysis of unknown				
	organic compounds containing simple				
	functional				
	groups (alcohols, carboxylic acids,				
	phenols and carbonyl compounds)				

#### 4<sup>th</sup> SEMESTER TEACHING PLAN TEACHING PLAN

# Department of Chemistry SBMS College, Sualkuchi

Subject	Chemistry	Semester		IV			
Course	B.Sc (Hons)	Paper Code/N	ame	CHE-	HC-4036 : P	Physical Che	emistry
Credit	4 (Theory) +2	Marks			60 (Theor	y)+20(Prcti	ical)
	(Practical						
Unit	Course (	Content	Allott	ed to	Hours	Month	Date
1	Conductance		Mr. Ka		20	Jan-Feb	18/01/2023
	Arrhenius theory of e	•	K Ba	ırua			to 20/02/23
	dissociation. Conduct						
	and molar conductivi	•					
	variation with dilution						
	strong electrolytes. Mat infinite dilution. K						
	independent migratio						
	Hückel-Onsager equa						
	Debye-Falkenhagen						
	rules.						
	Ionic velocities, mob	ilities and their					
	determinations, transf	ference numbers					
	and their relation to i	·					
	determination of tran						
	using Hittorf and Mo						
	methods. Application						
	measurement: (i) deg						
	of weak electrolytes, water (iii) solubility a						
	product of sparingly						
	conductometric titrati						
	hydrolysis constants						
2	Electrochemistry		Mr. Ka	ngkan	28	Feb-Mar	21/02/2023
	Quantitative aspects	of Faraday's laws	КВа	_			to 28/02/23
	of electrolysis, rules of						
	oxidation/reduction o	f ions based on					
	half-cell potentials.						
	Chemical cells, rever						
	irreversible cells with						
	Electromotive force of						
	measurement, Nernst electrode (reduction)						
	application to differen	•					
	cells. Application of						
	in determining (i) free						
	and entropy of a cell						
	equilibrium constants						
	values, using hydroge						

	hydroquinone, glass and SbO/Sb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> electrodes. Concentration cells with and without transference, liquid junction potential; determination of activity coefficients and transference numbers. Qualitative discussion of potentiometric 30 titrations (acid-base, redox, precipitation). Applications of electrolysis in metallurgy and industry. (28 Lectures)				
3	Electrical & Magnetic Properties of Atoms and Molecules Basic ideas of electrostatics, Electrostatics of dielectric media, Clausius-Mosotti equation, Lorenz- Laurentz equation, Dipole moment and molecular polarizabilities and their measurements. Diamagnetism, paramagnetism, magnetic susceptibility and its measurement, molecular interpretation.	Mr. Kangkan K Barua	12	Mar-Apr	29/03/2023 to 12/04/23
LAB	LAB 60 Lectures Conductometry I. Determination of cell constant II. Determination of equivalent conductance, degree of dissociation and dissociation constant of a weak acid. III. Perform the following conductometric titrations: i. Strong acid vs. strong base ii. Weak acid vs. strong base iii. Mixture of strong acid and weak acid vs. strong base iv. Strong acid vs. weak base Potentiometry I Perform the following potentiometric titrations: i. Strong acid vs. strong base ii. Weak acid vs. strong base iii. Weak acid vs. strong base iii. Dibasic acid vs. strong base iv. Potassium dichromate vs. Mohr's salt	Mr. Kangkan K Barua	30	Jan-April	18/01/23 to 12/04/23

# Department of Chemistry SBMS College, Sualkuchi

Subject	Chemistry	Semester				IV	
Course	B.Sc (Hons,)	Paper Code/N	ame		HG/RC-401		Phase
	/Regular		Equilibrium, Conductance,		7		
				Electrochemistry & Functional Group Organic Chemistry			Group
Cradit	4 (Theory) +2	Monlea		Organi		my) + 20/Deati	201)
Credit	4 (Theory) +2 (Practical	Marks			oo (Tileoi	ry)+20(Prcti	car)
T In:4	`	antant	A II att	ad ta	Hauma	Month	Doto
Unit	Course Co		Allotte Mr. Ka		Hours 08	Month Jan-Feb	<b>Date</b> 18/01/23 to
1	Lectures)	emistry-2 (30	K Ba		08	Jan-170	23/02/23
	Solutions		K Dt	ıı uu			23/02/23
	Thermodynamics of ide	eal solutions: Ideal					
	solutions and Raoult's l						
	from						
	Raoult's law – non-idea	al solutions.					
	Vapour pressure-compo						
	temperaturecomposition						
	curves of ideal and non-						
	Distillation of solutions						
	Azeotropes. Partial mise Critical solution temper						
	impurity on	ature, effect of					
	partial miscibility of liq	uids. Immiscibility					
	of liquids- Principle of s						
	Nernst						
	distribution law and its	applications,					
	solvent extraction.						
2	Phase Equilibrium		Mr. Ka		6	Feb-Mar	24/02/23 to
	Phases, components and		K Ba	ırua			11/03/23
	freedom of a system, cr	iteria of phase					
	equilibrium. Gibbs	mo dymomio					
	Phase Rule and its therr derivation. Derivation of						
	Clapeyron equation	or Clausius –					
	and its importance in ph	nase equilibria.					
	Phase diagrams of one-	_					
	systems (water and	1					
	sulphur) and two compo						
	involving eutectics, con	gruent and					
	incongruent melting						
	points (lead-silver, FeC	13-H2O and Na-K					
2	only).		M.: 17			M - ::	12/02/22 /
3	Conductivity agricular	at and malar	Mr. Ka K Ba		6	Mar	12/03/23 to 26/03/23
	Conductivity, equivalent conductivity and their v		K B	uua			20/03/23
	conductivity and their v	arianon with					

	T			Т	,
	dilution for weak and strong electrolytes. Kohlrausch law of independent migration of ions. Transference number and its experimental determination using Hittorf and Moving boundary methods. Ionic mobility. Applications of conductance measurements: determination of degree of ionization of weak electrolyte, solubility and solubility products of sparingly soluble salts, ionic product of water, hydrolysis constant of a salt. Conductometric titrations (only acidbase).				
4	Electrochemistry Reversible and irreversible cells. Concept of EMF of a cell. Measurement of EMF of a cell. Nernst equation and its importance. Types of electrodes. Standard electrode potential. Electrochemical series. Thermodynamics of a reversible cell, calculation of thermodynamic properties: $\Delta G$ , $\Delta H$ and $\Delta S$ from EMF data. Calculation of equilibrium constant from EMF data. Concentration cells with transference and without transference. Liquid junction potential and salt bridge. pH determination using hydrogen electrode and quinhydrone electrode. Potentiometric titrations -qualitative treatment (acid-base and oxidation-reduction only).	Mr. Kangkan K Barua	10	Mar-Apr	26/03/23 to 12/04/23
5	Carboxylic acids and their derivatives Carboxylic acids (aliphatic and aromatic) Preparation: Acidic and Alkaline hydrolysis of esters. Reactions: Hell – Vohlard - Zelinsky Reaction. Carboxylic acid derivatives (aliphatic): (Upto 5 carbons) Preparation: Acid chlorides, Anhydrides, Esters and Amides from acids and their interconversion. Reactions: Comparative study of nucleophilicity of acyl derivatives.	Dr Bhabesh Ch Deka	6	Jan-Feb	19/01/23 to 28/02/23

	Reformatsky Reaction,Perkin condensation.				
	Amines and Diazonium Salts	Dr. Bhabesh	6	Mon Ann	01/03/23 to
6		Ch Deka	O	Mar-Apr	
	Amines (Aliphatic and Aromatic): (Upto 5 carbons)	Ch Deka			12/04/23
	1				
	Preparation: from alkyl halides, Gabriel's				
	Phthalimide synthesis, Hofmann Bromamide				
	reaction.				
	Reactions: Hofmann vs. Saytzeff				
	elimination, Carbylamine test, Hinsberg				
	test, with HNO <sub>2</sub> ,				
	Schotten – Baumann Reaction.				
	Electrophilic substitution (case aniline):				
	nitration,				
	bromination, sulphonation.				
	Diazonium salts: Preparation: from				
	aromatic amines.				
	Reactions: conversion to benzene, phenol,				
	dyes.				
7	Carbohydrates: Classification, and	Dr. Pulin Ch	8	Jan-Feb	20-01-23 to
	General Properties, Glucose and Fructose	Sarma			20/02/23
	(open chain				
	and cyclic structure), Determination of				
	configuration of monosaccharides,				
	absolute				
	configuration of Glucose and Fructose,				
	Mutarotation, ascending and descending				
	in				
	monosaccharides. Structure of				
	disacharrides (sucrose, cellobiose,				
	maltose, lactose) and				
	polysacharrides (starch and cellulose)				
	excluding their structure elucidation.				
8	Amino Acids, Peptides and Proteins:	Dr. Pulin Ch	10	Mar-	21/02 to
	Preparation of Amino Acids: Strecker	Sarma		Apr	12/04
	synthesis using Gabriel's phthalimide				
	synthesis.				
	Zwitterion, Isoelectric point and				
	Electrophoresis.				
	Reactions of Amino acids: ester of –				
	COOH group, acetylation of –NH <sub>2</sub> group,				
	complexation				
	with Cu <sub>2+</sub> ions, ninhydrin test.				
	Overview of Primary, Secondary, Tertiary				
	and Quaternary Structure of proteins.				
	Determination of Primary structure of				
	Peptides by degradation Edmann				
	degradation				
	(Nterminal) and C-terminal				
	(thiohydantoin and with carboxypeptidase				

	\	T	I		
	enzyme). Synthesis of				
	simple peptides (upto dipeptides) by N-				
	protection (t-butyloxycarbonyl and				
	phthaloyl) &				
	Cactivating groups and Merrifield solid-				
	phase synthesis.				
LAB	Section A: Physical Chemistry	Mr. K K Barua	20	Jan-Feb	18/01/23 to
	Distribution				28/02/23
	Study of the equilibrium of one of the				
	following reactions by the distribution				
	method:				
	$I_2(aq) + I_2(aq) \rightleftharpoons I_3$				
	-(aq)				
	19 C- () - NH () \(\sigma \) (C-(\sigma \) 1				
	$Cu_{2+}(aq) + xNH_3(aq) \rightleftharpoons [Cu(NH_3)x]_{2+}$				
	Phase equilibria				
	a) Construction of the phase diagram of a				
	binary system (simple eutectic) using				
	cooling curves.				
	b) Determination of the critical solution				
	temperature and composition of the				
	phenol				
	water system and study of the effect of				
	impurities on it.				
	c) Study of the variation of mutual				
	solubility temperature with concentration				
	for the				
	phenol water system and determination of				
	the critical solubility temperature.				
	Conductance				
	IV. Determination of cell constant				
	V. Determination of equivalent				
	conductance, degree of dissociation and				
	dissociation				
	constant of a weak acid.				
	VI. Perform the following conductometric				
	titrations:				
	v. Strong acid vs. strong base				
	vi. Weak acid vs. strong base				
	Potentiometry				
	Perform the following potentiometric				
	titrations:				
	v. Strong acid vs. strong base				
	vi. Weak acid vs. strong base				
	vii. Potassium dichromate vs. Mohr's salt				
	Section B: Organic Chemistry				
	I Systematic Qualitative Organic Analysis				
	of Organic Compounds possessing				
	monofunctional groups (-COOH,				
	phenolic, aldehydic, ketonic, amide, nitro,		20		
	amines) and	Dr. Pulin Ch	20		
	1		1	I	]

preparation of one derivative.	Sarma		01/03/23 to
II			12/04/23
1. Separation of amino acids by paper		Mar-Apr	
chromatography			
2. Determination of the concentration of			
glycine solution by formylation method.			
3. Titration curve of glycine			
4. Action of salivary amylase on starch			
5. Effect of temperature on the action of			
salivary amylase on starch.			
6. Determination of the saponification			
value of an oil/fat.			
7. Determination of the iodine value of an			
oil/fat			
8. Differentiation between a			
reducing/nonreducing sugar.			
9. Extraction of DNA from onion/			
cauliflower			

# Department of Chemistry SBMS College, Sualkuchi

Subject	Chemistry	Semest	ter	V			
Course	B.Sc (Hons)	Paper Code	e/Name	СН	E-HC-501	6: Organic C	hemistry
Credit	4 (Theory) +2	Mark	S		60 (Tł	neory)+20(Pr	ctical)
	(Practical						
Unit	Course C	ontent	Allotted	to	Hours	Month	Date
1	Nucleic Acids		Dr. Pulin	Ch	9	August	02/08/2022
	Components of nuc		Sarma				to
	Nucleosides and nu	· ·					16/08/2022
	Synthesis and reacti						
	Adenine, Guanine,	Cytosine, Uracii					
	and Thymine; Polynucleotides: Di	NA and RNA					
2	Amino Acids, Pepti		Dr. Pulin	Ch	16	Aug-Sept	17/08/2022
2	Amino acids, Peptio		Sarma	CII	10	rug sept	to
	classification.						06/09/2022
	α-Amino Acids - Sy	nthesis, ionic					
	properties and react	ions.					
	Zwitterions, pKa va						
	isoelectric point and	l					
	electrophoresis;	1.4					
	Study of peptides: d their primary structu						
	analysis, methods o	• •					
	synthesis. Synthesis						
	using N-protecting,						
	and C-activating gro						
	phase synthesis	•					
	(16 Lectures).						
3	Engage		Da Dulia	<u></u>	0	Cant	07/00/2022
3	Enzymes Introduction, classif	fication and	Dr. Pulin ( Sarma	Cn	8	Sept	07/09/2022 to15/09/2022
	characteristics of en		Saiiia				1013/09/2022
	features of active si	•					
	Mechanism of enzy	•					
	(taking trypsin as ex						
	affecting enzyme ac						
	coenzymes and cofa						
	role in biological re						
	specificity of enzym						
	(including stereospe						
	enzyme inhibitors a						
	importance, phenon inhibition (competit						
	uncompetitive and r						
	ancompetitive and i	ion-compeniive					

	inhibition including allosteric inhibition).				
4	Lipids Introduction to oils and fats; common fatty acids present in oils and fats, Hydrogenntion of fats and oils, saponification value, acid value, iodine number, rancidity.	Dr. Pulin Ch Sarma	6	Sept	16/09/2022 to24/09/2022
5	Concept of Energy in Biosystems Cells obtain energy by the oxidation of foodstuff (organic molecules). Introduction to metabolism (catabolism, anabolism). ATP: The universal currency of cellular energy, ATP hydrolysis and free energy change. Agents for transfer of electrons in biological redox systems: NAD+, FAD. Conversion of food to energy: Outline of catabolic pathways of carbohydrate- glycolysis, fermentation, Krebs cycle. Overview of catabolic pathways of fat and protein. Interrelationship in the metabolic pathways of protein, fat and carbohydrate. Calorific value of food, standard calorie content of food types. (9 Lectures)	Dr. Pulin Ch Sarma	9	Sept-Oct	26/09/2022 to 08/10/2022
6	Pharmaceutical Compounds: Structure and Importance Classification, structure and therapeutic uses of antipyretics: Paracetamol (with synthesis), Analgesics: Ibuprofen (with synthesis), Antimalarials: Chloroquine (with synthesis). An elementary treatment of Antibiotics and detailed study of chloramphenicol, Medicinal values of curcumin (turmeric), azadirachtin (neem), vitamin C and antacid (ranitidine). (12 Lectures)	Dr. Pulin Ch Sarma	12	October	10/10/2022 to 21/10/2022
LAB	Estimation of glycine by     Sorenson's formalin method.     Study of the titration curve of	Dr. Pulin Ch Sarma	30	Aug-Oct	02/08/2022 to 21/10/2022

glycine.	
3. Estimation of proteins by	
Lowry's method.	
4. Study of the action of salivary	
amylase on starch at optimum	
conditions.	
5. Effect of temperature on the	
action of salivary amylase.	
6. Saponification value of an oil of	or
a fat.	
7. Determination of Iodine number	er
of an oil/ fat.	
8. Isolation and characterization of	of
DNA from onion/ cauliflower/pea	ns.

# Department of Chemistry SBMS College, Sualkuchi

Subject	Chemistry	Semester		V			
Course	B.Sc (Hons)	Paper Code/N	ame	CHE-I	CHE-HC-5026: Physical Chemistry		
Credit	4 (Theory) +2	Marks			60 (Theor	y)+20(Prcti	ical)
	(Practical						
Unit	Course	Content	Allott		Hours	Month	Date
1	Quantum Chemist	•	Dr. Bh		24	August	02/08/2022
	Postulates of quantu		Chandra	a Deka			
	quantum mechanica						
	Schrödinger equation						
	application to free p "particle-in-a-box"						
	treatment), quantiza						
	levels, zero-point er						
	two and three dimen						
	separation of variab						
	Qualitative treatmen						
	harmonic oscillator	model of					
	vibrational motion:	Setting up of					
	Schrödinger equation						
	of solution and wav						
	Vibrational energy						
	molecules and zero	_					
	Angular momentum						
	rules, quantization o	•					
	angular momentum Rigid rotator model	_					
	diatomic molecule.						
	equation, transform	_					
	polar coordinates. S	_					
	variables. Spherical						
	Discussion of soluti						
	Qualitative treatmen	nt of hydrogen					
	atom and hydrogen-	-like ions: setting					
	up of Schrödinger e	-					
	spherical polar coor	_					
	quantization of ener						
	energy expression).						
	probable distances of nucleus. 34	of electron from					
	nucleus. 54						
	Setting up of Schrö	dinger equation for					
	many-electron atom	•					
	for approximation n						
	of variation theorem	and application to					
	simple systems (par	ticle-in-a-box,					

	Ta		T		
	harmonic oscillator, hydrogen atom).				
	Chemical bonding: Covalent bonding,				
	valence bond and molecular orbital				
	approaches,				
	LCAO-MO treatment of H <sub>2+</sub> . Bonding				
	and antibonding orbitals. Qualitative				
	extension to H <sub>2</sub> . Comparison of				
	LCAO-MO and VB treatments of H <sub>2</sub>				
	(only wavefunctions, detailed solution				
	not required) and their limitations.				
	Refinements of the two approaches				
	(Configuration Interaction for MO,				
	ionic terms in VB). Qualitative				
	description of LCAO-MO treatment of				
	homonuclear and heteronuclear				
	diatomic molecules (HF, LiH).				
	Localised and non-localised molecular				
	orbitals treatment of triatomic (BeH <sub>2</sub> ,				
	H <sub>2</sub> O) molecules. Qualitative MO				
	theory and its application to AH <sub>2</sub> type				
	molecules.				
2	Molecular Spectroscopy:	Dr. Bhabesh	24	Septemb	01/09/2022
	Interaction of electromagnetic	Chandra Deka		er	to
	radiation with molecules and various				30/09/2022
	types of spectra; Born- Oppenheimer				
	approximation.				
	Rotation spectroscopy: Selection rules,				
	intensities of spectral lines,				
	determination of bond lengths of				
	diatomic and linear triatomic				
	molecules, isotopic substitution.				
	Vibrational spectroscopy: Classical				
	equation of vibration, computation of				
	force constant, amplitude of diatomic				
	molecular vibrations, anharmonicity,				
	Morse potential, dissociation energies,				
	fundamental frequencies, overtones,				
	hot bands, degrees of freedom for				
	polyatomic molecules, modes of				
	vibration, concept of group				
	frequencies. Vibration-rotation				
	spectroscopy: diatomic vibrating				
	rotator, P, Q, R branches.				
	Raman spectroscopy: Qualitative				
	treatment of Rotational Raman effect;				
	Effect of nuclear spin, Vibrational				
	Raman spectra, Stokes and anti-Stokes				
	limas, their interested difference on mula of				
Í	lines; their intensity difference, rule of				
	mutual exclusion.				

	transitions, singlet and triplet states, fluorescence and phosphorescence, dissociation and predissociation, calculation of electronic transitions of polyenes using free electron model. (24 Lectures)				
3	Photochemistry Characteristics of electromagnetic radiation, Lambert-Beer's law and its limitations, physical significance of absorption coefficients. Laws, of photochemistry, quantum yield, actinometry, examples of low and high quantum yields, photochemical equilibrium and the differential rate of photochemical reactions, photosensitised reactions, quenching. Role of photochemical reactions in biochemical processes, photostationary states, chemiluminescence.  (12 Lectures).	Kangkan K Barua	12	01/10/2022 to 20/10/2022	
4	LAB UV/Visible spectroscopy I. Study the 200-500 nm absorbance spectra of KMnO4 and K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> (in 0.1 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> ) and determine the λ <sub>max</sub> values. Calculate the energies of the two transitions in different units (J molecule-1, kJ mol-1, cm-1, eV). II. Study the pH-dependence of the UV-Vis spectrum (200-500 nm) of K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> . III. Record the 200-350 nm UV spectra of the given compounds (acetone, acetaldehyde, 2-propanol, acetic acid) in water. Comment on the effect of structure on the UV spectra of organic compounds. Colourimetry I. Verify Lambert-Beer's law and determine the concentration of CuSO <sub>4</sub> /KMnO <sub>4</sub> /K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> in a solution of unknown concentration II. Determine the concentrations of KMnO <sub>4</sub> and K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> in a mixture.	Dr. Bhabesh Chandra Deka	30	02/08/2022 to 20/10/2022	

III. Study the kinetics of iodination of	
propanone in acidic medium.	
IV. Determine the amount of iron	
present in a sample using 1,10-	
phenathroline.	
V. Determine the dissociation constant	
of an indicator (phenolphthalein).	
VI. Study the kinetics of interaction of	
crystal violet/ phenolphthalein with	
sodium	
hydroxide.	
VII. Analysis of the given vibration-	
rotation spectrum of HCl(g)	

### **Department of Chemistry SBMS College, Sualkuchi**

C1-14	ct Chemistry Semester V						
Subject	Chemistry	Semester	•	CHE	HE 5006 A		.1 1 T
Course	B.Sc (Hons)	Paper Code/N	ame		IE-5026: Analytical Methods In		
	/Regular			Chemi	istry		
Credit	4 (Theory) +2	Marks			60 (Theor	y)+20(Prcti	cal)
	(Practical						
Unit	Course	Content	Allott	ed to	Hours	Month	Date
1	Qualitative and qu	antitative aspects	Dr. Bh	abesh	5	August	02/08/2022
	of analysis:	•	Chandra	ı Deka			to
	Sampling, evaluatio	n of analytical					06/08/2022
	data, errors, accurac						
	methods of their exp	pression, normal					
	law of distribution i	f indeterminate					
	errors, statistical tes						
	t test, rejection of da	ata, and confidence					
	intervals.						
2	Optical methods of		Dr. Bh		25	Aug-Sept	08/08/2022
	Origin of spectra, in		Chandra	ı Deka			to
	radiation with matte						10/09/2022
	laws of spectroscop						
	rules, validity of Be						
	UV-Visible Spectron						
	principles of instrum	•					
	of source, monochro						
	detector) for single	and double beam					
	instrument;	au antitativo					
	Basic principles of analysis: estimation						
	aqueous solution, ge						
	keto-enol tautomers						
	metal complex com						
	Job's method of cor						
	and mole ratio meth						
	Infrared Spectrosco						
	principles of instrum						
	of source, monochro	•					
	for continuous wave	and Fourier					
	transform spectrome	eters; sampling					
	techniques.						
	Structure elucidation						
	interpretation of dat						
	importance of isotop						
	Flame Atomic Abso	•					
	Emission Spectrome	=					
	principles of instrun	nentation (choice					

				I	
	of source, monochromator, and				
	detector, choice of flame and Burner				
	designs. Techniques of atomization				
	and sample introduction. Method of				
	background correction, sources of				
	chemical interferences and their				
	method of removal. Techniques for the				
	quantitative estimation of trace level of				
	metal ions from water samples.				
3	Thermal methods of analysis: 44	Dr. Bhabesh	5	Sept	12/09/2022
3	Thermal methods of analysis. 44	Chandra Deka	3	Sept	to
	Theory of the managery impatry (TC)	Chanura Deka			
	Theory of thermogravimetry (TG),				16/09/2022
	basic principle of instrumentation.				
	Techniques for quantitative estimation				
	of Ca and Mg from their mixture				
4	<b>Electroanalytical methods:</b>	Dr. Bhabesh	10	Sept	19/09/2022
	Classification of electroanalytical	Chandra Deka			to
	methods, basic principle of pH metric,				30/09/2022
	potentiometric and conductometric				
	titrations. Techniques used for the				
	determination of equivalence points.				
	Techniques used for the determination				
	of pKa values.				
5		Dr. Bhabesh		Oct	01/10/2022
5	Separation techniques:			Oct	
	Solvent extraction: Classification,	Chandra Deka			to
	principle and efficiency of the				20/10/2022
	technique.				
	Mechanism of extraction: extraction by				
	solvation and chelation.				
	Technique of extraction: batch,				
	continuous and counter current				
	extractions.				
	Qualitative and quantitative aspects of				
	solvent extraction: extraction of metal				
	ions from aqueous solution, extraction				
	of organic species from the aqueous				
	and nonaqueous media.				
	Chromatography: Classification,				
	principle and efficiency of the				
	technique.				
	Mechanism of separation: adsorption,				
			15		
	partition & ion exchange.				
	Development of chromatograms:				
	frontal, elution and displacement				
	methods.				
	Qualitative and quantitative aspects of				
	chromatographic methods of analysis:				
	IC, GLC, GPC, TLC and HPLC.				
	Stereoisomeric separation and				
	analysis: Measurement of optical				
	rotation, calculation of Enantiomeric				

	T	ı	т	т	,
	excess (ee)/ diastereomeric excess (de) ratios and determination of enantiomeric composition using NMR, Chiral solvents and chiral shift reagents. Chiral chromatographic techniques using chiral columns (GC and HPLC).  Role of computers in instrumental methods of analysis.				
LAB	1. Separation Techniques I. Chromatography: (a) Separation of mixtures (i) Paper chromatographic separation of Fe3+, Al3+, and Cr3+. (ii) Separation and identification of the monosaccharides present in the given mixture (glucose & fructose) by paper chromatography. Reporting the Rf values. (b) Separate a mixture of Sudan yellow and Sudan Red by TLC technique and identify them on the basis of their Rf values. (c) Chromatographic separation of the active ingredients of plants, flowers and juices by TLC  II. Solvent Extractions: (i) To separate a mixture of Ni2+ & Fe2+ by complexation with DMG and extracting the Ni2+- DMG complex in chloroform, and determine its concentration by spectrophotometry. (ii) Solvent extraction of zirconium with amberliti LA-1, separation from a mixture of irons and gallium.  3. Determine the pH of the given aerated drinks fruit juices, shampoos and soaps. 4. Determination of Na, Ca, Li in cola drinks and fruit juices using fame photometric techniques. 5. Analysis of soil: (i) Determination of pH of soil. (ii) Total soluble salt (iii) Estimation of calcium, magnesium, phosphate, nitrate 6. Ion exchange: (i) Determination of exchange capacity	Dr. Bhabesh Chandra Deka	30		02/08/2022 to 20/10/2022
	(1) Determination of exchange capacity		1	<u> </u>	

of cation exchange resins and anion		·	
exchange resins. 46			
(ii) Separation of metal ions from their			
binary mixture.			
(iii) Separation of amino acids from			
organic acids by ion exchange			
chromatography.			
7. Spectrophotometry			
(i) Determination of pKa values of			
indicator using spectrophotometry.			
(ii) Structural characterization of			
compounds by infrared spectroscopy.			
(iii) Determination of dissolved			
oxygen in water.			
(iv) Determination of chemical oxygen			
demand (COD).			
(v) Determination of Biological			
oxygen demand (BOD).			
(vi) Determine the composition of the			
Ferric-salicylate/ ferric-thiocyanate			
complex by			
Job's method.			

# Department of Chemistry SBMS College, Sualkuchi

Subject	Chemistry	Semester			V			
Course	B.Sc (Hons)	Paper Code/Name CI			HE-5056 I	E-5056 Polymer Chemistry		
Credit	4 (Theory) +2	Marks			60 (Theor	60 (Theory)+20(Prctical)		
	(Practical							
Unit	Course (	Content	Allotte	ed to	Hours	Month	Date	
1	Introduction and h	-	Dr.Pul		4	Aug	02/08/2022	
	polymeric material		Sarı	na			to 06-08-	
	Different schemes of						2022	
	polymers, Polymer r							
	Molecular forces and							
	chemical bonding in	polymers, Texture						
	of Polymers.	4	Dr.Pul	in Ch	8	Ana	08/08/2022	
2	Functionality and i Criteria for synthetic		Dr.Pui Sari		0	Aug	to 20-08-	
	formation, classifica	ž •	San	11a			2022	
	polymerization proc						2022	
	Relationships betwe							
	extent of reaction an							
	polymerization.							
	Bifunctional systems	s, Poly-functional						
	systems	·						
3	Kinetics of Polymer		Dr.Pul	in Ch	8	Aug	22/08/2022	
	Mechanism and kine	•	Sarı	na			to 30-08-	
	growth, radical chair						2022	
	chain (both cationic							
	anionic) and coordin							
	polymerizations, Me							
	kinetics of copolyme polymerization techn							
4	<b>Determination of n</b>		Dr.Pul	in Ch	8	Septembe	01/09/2022	
_	of polymers $(M_n, M$	0	Sarı			r	to 09-08-	
	group analysis,	,, .,					2022	
	viscometry, light sca	attering and						
	osmotic pressure me							
	weight distribution a	and						
	its significance. Poly	•						
5	Nature and structu	_ ·	Dr.Pul			Septembe	10/09/2022	
	Structure Property re	elationships.	Sarı	na		r	to 12-09-	
	CI 4 *** 1	4 (TE)	D D 1	C1	2	C 1	2022	
6	Glass transition ter		Dr.Pul Sarı		8	Septembe	13/09/2022 to 22.00	
6	and determination volume theory,	or 1g, free	Sari	118		r	to 22-09- 2022	
	_	ors affecting glass					2022	
7	•		Dr.Pul	in Ch	8	Septembe	23/09/2022	
7	WLF equation, Factorization temperature  Polymer Solution —	re (Tg).	Dr.Pul	in Ch	8	Septembe	23/09/2022	

	polymer solubility, Solubility parameter, Thermodynamics of polymer solutions, entropy, enthalpy, and free energy change of mixing of polymers solutions, Flory- Huggins theory, Lower and Upper critical solution	Sarma		r	to 30-09- 2022
8	Properties of Polymers (Physical, thermal, Flow & Mechanical Properties).  Brief introduction to preparation, structure, properties and application of the following polymers: polyolefins, polystyrene and styrene copolymers, poly(vinyl chloride) and related polymers, poly(vinyl acetate) and related polymers, acrylic polymers, fluoro polymers, polyamides and related polymers. Phenol formaldehyde resins (Bakelite, Novalac), polyurethanes, silicone polymers, polydienes, Polycarbonates, Conducting Polymers, [polyacetylene, polyaniline, poly(p-phenylene sulphide polypyrrole, polythiophene)].	Dr.Pulin Ch Sarma	12	October	01/10/2022 to 20-10- 2022
LAB	1. Polymer synthesis 1. Free radical solution polymerization of styrene (St) / Methyl Methacrylate (MMA) /Methyl Acrylate (MA) / Acrylic acid (AA). a. Purification of monomer b. Polymerization using benzoyl peroxide (BPO) / 2,2'-azo-bis-isobutylonitrile (AIBN) 2. Preparation of nylon 66/6 1. Interfacial polymerization, preparation of polyester from isophthaloyl chloride (IPC) and phenolphthalein a. Preparation of IPC b. Purification of IPC c. Interfacial polymerization 3. Redox polymerization of acrylamide 4. Precipitation polymerization of	Dr.Pulin Ch Sarma	30	Aug-Oct	02/08/2022 to 20-10- 2022

acrylonitrile	
5. Preparation of urea-formaldehyde	
resin	
6. Preparations of novalac resin/resold	
resin.	
7. Microscale Emulsion	
Polymerization of	
Poly(methylacrylate).	
Polymer characterization	
1. Determination of molecular weight	
by viscometry:	
(a) Polyacrylamide-aq.NaNO2 solution	
(b) (Poly vinyl proplylidine (PVP) in	
water	
2. Determination of the viscosity-	
average molecular weight of	
poly(vinyl alcohol)	
(PVOH) and the fraction of "head-to-	
head" monomer linkages in the	
polymer.	
3. Determination of molecular weight	
by end group analysis: Polyethylene	
glycol (PEG)	
(OH group).	
4. Testing of mechanical properties of	
polymers.	
5. Determination of hydroxyl number	
of a polymer using colorimetric	
method.	
Polymer analysis	
1. Estimation of the amount of HCHO	
in the given solution by sodium	
sulphite method	
2. Instrumental Techniques	
3. IR studies of polymers	
4. DSC analysis of polymers	
5. Preparation of polyacrylamide and	
its electrophoresis	

# Department of Chemistry SBMS College, Sualkuchi

Subject	Chemistry	Semester		V			
Course	B.Sc (Regular)	Paper Code/N	ame	CHE-	RE-5056 P	Polymer Ch	emistry
		_				-	
Credit	4 (Theory) +2	Marks		60 (Theory)+20(Prctical)			cal)
	(Practical						
Unit	Course	Content	Allott	ed to	Hours	Month	Date
1	Introduction and l	nistory of	Mr. Ka	ngkan	4	Aug	02/08/2022
	polymeric materia		K Ba	rua			to 06-08-
	Different schemes of						2022
	polymers, Polymer						
	Molecular forces ar						
	_	n polymers, Texture					
2	of Polymers.  Functionality and	ita importance	Mr. Ka	nakan	8	Aug	08/08/2022
2	Criteria for syntheti	_	K Ba		0	Aug	to 20-08-
	formation, classific		ΚD	ııua			2022
	polymerization prod						2022
	Relationships between						
	extent of reaction as						
	polymerization.	-					
	Bifunctional system	ns, Poly-functional					
	systems						
3	Kinetics of Polyme		Mr. Ka	-	8	Aug	22/08/2022
	Mechanism and kin	-	K Ba	rua			to 30-08-
	growth, radical chair chain (both cationic						2022
	anionic) and coordi						
	polymerizations, M						
	kinetics of copolym						
	polymerization tech						
4	Determination of 1	nolecular weight	Mr. Ka	ngkan	8	Septembe	01/09/2022
	of polymers $(M_n, M_n)$	$I_w$ , etc) by end	K Ba	rua		r	to 09-08-
	group analysis,						2022
	viscometry, light sc						
	osmotic pressure m						
	weight distribution its significance. Pol						
5	Nature and structu		Mr. Ka	nokan		Septembe	10/09/2022
	Structure Property 1		K Ba	_		r	to 12-09-
		po-	11 20		2	_	2022
	Glass transition te	mperature (Tg)	Mr. Ka	ngkan	8	Septembe	13/09/2022
	and determination		КВа	_		r	to 22-09-
	volume theory,	_					2022
	WLF equation, Fac	~ ~					
	transition temperatu	ıre (Tg).					

	Polymer Solution – Criteria for polymer solubility, Solubility parameter, Thermodynamics of polymer solutions, entropy, enthalpy, and free energy change of mixing of polymers solutions, Flory- Huggins theory, Lower and Upper critical solution temperatures.	Mr. Kangkan K Barua	8	Septembe r	23/09/2022 to 30-09- 2022
	Properties of Polymers (Physical, thermal, Flow & Mechanical Properties).  Brief introduction to preparation, structure, properties and application of the following polymers: polyolefins, polystyrene and styrene copolymers, poly(vinyl chloride) and related polymers, poly(vinyl acetate) and related polymers, acrylic polymers, fluoro polymers, polyamides and related polymers.  Phenol formaldehyde resins (Bakelite, Novalac), polyurethanes, silicone polymers, polydienes, Polycarbonates, Conducting Polymers, [polyacetylene, polyaniline, poly(p-phenylene sulphide polypyrrole, polythiophene)].	Mr. Kangkan K Barua	12	October	01/10/2022 to 20-10- 2022
LAB	1. Polymer synthesis 1. Free radical solution polymerization of styrene (St) / Methyl Methacrylate (MMA) /Methyl Acrylate (MA) / Acrylic acid (AA). a. Purification of monomer b. Polymerization using benzoyl peroxide (BPO) / 2,2'-azo-bisisobutylonitrile (AIBN) 2. Preparation of nylon 66/6 1. Interfacial polymerization, preparation of polyester from isophthaloyl chloride (IPC) and phenolphthalein a. Preparation of IPC b. Purification of IPC c. Interfacial polymerization 3. Redox polymerization of acrylamide	Mr. Kangkan K Barua	30	Aug-Oct	02/08/2022 to 20-10- 2022

4. Precipitation polymerization of	
acrylonitrile	
5. Preparation of urea-formaldehyde	
resin	
6. Preparations of novalac resin/resold	
resin.	
7. Microscale Emulsion	
Polymerization of	
Poly(methylacrylate).	
Polymer characterization	
1. Determination of molecular weight	
by viscometry:	
(a) Polyacrylamide-aq.NaNO2 solution	
(b) (Poly vinyl proplylidine (PVP) in	
water	
2. Determination of the viscosity-	
average molecular weight of	
poly(vinyl alcohol)	
(PVOH) and the fraction of "head-to-	
head" monomer linkages in the	
polymer.	
3. Determination of molecular weight	
by end group analysis: Polyethylene	
glycol (PEG)	
(OH group).	
4. Testing of mechanical properties of	
polymers.	
5. Determination of hydroxyl number	
of a polymer using colorimetric	
method.	
Polymer analysis	
1. Estimation of the amount of HCHO	
in the given solution by sodium	
sulphite method	
2. Instrumental Techniques	
3. IR studies of polymers	
4. DSC analysis of polymers	
5. Preparation of polyacrylamide and	
its electrophoresis	

# Department of Chemistry SBMS College, Sualkuchi

Subject	Chemistry	Semest	ter	VI			
Course	B.Sc (Hons,)	Paper Code	e/Name	CH	IE-HC-601	9: Inorganic	Chemistry
Credit	6 (Theory) +2	Mark	S		60 (The	(ory) + 20(Prc)	tical)
	(Practical						
Unit	Course C	ontent	Allotted	to	Hours	Month	Date
1	Mechanism of Ino	rganic	Dr. Bhabe		18	January	18/01/23
	Reactions		Ch. Dek	a			to
	Introduction to inor						17/02/23
	mechanisms. Substi						
	in square planar cor						
	effect, theories of tr						
	Mechanism of nucle	_					
	substitution in squa	•					
	complexes, Thermo	•					
	Kinetic stability, Ki octahedral substitut						
	field effects and rea						
	Mechanism of subs	,					
		octahedral complexes. Electron					
	transfer reactions.	cs. Electron					
2	Organometallic Co	ompounds	Dr. Bhabe	sh	22	Feb-Mar	18/02/23
_	Definition and class		Ch. Dek				to
	organometallic com	pounds on the					20/03/23
	basis of bond type.	•					
	Concept of hapticity	y of organic					
	ligands. Metal carbo	onyls: 18					
	electron rule, electron						
	mononuclear, polyr						
	substituted metal ca	•					
	series. General met						
	preparation (direct of						
	reductive carbonyla						
	and photochemical						
	of mono and binucl 3d series. Structures	-					
	mononuclear and bi						
	carbonyls of Cr, Mr						
	using VBT. □-acce						
	of CO (MO diagran						
	discussed), synergic						
	of IR data to explain						
	bonding. Zeise's sa						
	and structure, evide	nces of synergic					
	effect and comparis						
	effect with that in c	arbonyls.					

	36 1 1 1 1 7			1	<del>                                     </del>
	Metal Alkyls: Important structural				
	features of methyl lithium				
	(tetramer) and trialkyl aluminium				
	(dimer), concept of multicentre				
	bonding in these compounds. Role				
	of triethylaluminium in				
	polymerisation of ethene (Ziegler –				
	Natta Catalyst). Species present in				
	ether solution of Grignard reagent				
	and their structures, Schlenk				
	equilibrium.				
	Ferrocene: Preparation and				
	reactions (acetylation, alkylation,				
	metallation, Mannich				
	condensation). Structure and				
	aromaticity. Comparison of				
	aromaticity and reactivity with that				
	of benzene.				
3	Transition Metals in Catalysis	Dr. Bhabesh	10		21/03/23
	Study of the following industrial	Ch. Deka	10		to
	processes and their mechanism:				31/03/23
	1. Alkene hydrogenation				
	(Wilkinson's Catalyst)				
	2. Hydroformylation (Co catalysts)				
	3. Wacker Process				
	4. Synthetic gasoline (Fischer				
	Tropsch reaction)				
	5. Synthesis gas by metal carbonyl				
	complexes.				
4	Theoretical Principles in	Dr. Bhabesh	10		01/04/23
_	Qualitative Inorganic Analysis	Ch. Deka			to
	(H <sub>2</sub> S Scheme)				12/04/23
	Basic principles involved in				
	analysis of cations and anions and				
	solubility products, common ion				
	effect. Principles involved in				
	separation of cations into groups				
	and choice of group reagents.				
	Interfering anions (fluoride, borate,				
	oxalate and phosphate) and need to				
	remove them after Group II.				
LAB	Qualitative semimicro analysis of	Dr. Bhabesh	30	Jan-Apr	18/02/23
	mixtures containing 3 anions and 3	Ch. Deka		•	to
	cations. Emphasis should be given				12/04/23
	to the understanding of the				
	chemistry of different reactions.				
	The following radicals are				
	suggested: CO <sub>32-</sub> , NO <sub>2-</sub> , S <sub>2-</sub> , SO <sub>32-</sub> ,				
	S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>32</sub> -, CH <sub>3</sub> COO-, F-, Cl-, Br-, I-,				
	NO <sub>3</sub> -, BO <sub>3</sub> 3-, C <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> 2-, PO <sub>4</sub> 3-, NH <sub>4+</sub> ,				
	K+, Pb2+, Cu2+, Cd2+, Bi3+, Sn2+,				

Sb <sub>3+</sub> , Fe <sub>3+</sub> , Al <sub>3+</sub> ,, Cr <sub>3+</sub> , Zn <sub>2+</sub> , Mn <sub>2+</sub> ,		
Co2+, Ni2+, Ba2+, Sr2+, Ca2+, Mg2+		
☐ Mixtures should preferably		
contain one interfering anion, or		
insoluble component (BaSO <sub>4</sub> ,		
SrSO <sub>4</sub> , PbSO <sub>4</sub> , CaF <sub>2</sub> or Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) <b>or</b>		
combination of anions e.g. CO <sub>32</sub> -		
and SO <sub>32</sub> -, NO <sub>2</sub> and NO <sub>3</sub> -, Cl- and		
Br-, Cl- and I-, Br- and I-, NO <sub>3</sub> - and		
Br-, NO <sub>3</sub> - and I		
$\square$ Spot tests should be done		
whenever possible.		
☐ Synthesis of ammine complexes		
of Ni(II) and their ligand exchange		
reactions involving bidentate		
ligands like acetylacetone,		
dimethylglyoxime, glycine, etc.		
☐ Preparation of acetylacetanato		
complexes of Cu <sub>2+</sub> /Fe <sub>3+</sub> .		
☐ Controlled synthesis of two		
copper oxalate hydrate complexes:		
kinetic vs. thermodynamic factors.		
☐ Determination of ☐ max value		
from UV-visible spectra of		
complexes.		
☐ Measurement of 10 Dq by		
spectrophotometric method,		
verification of spectrochemical		
series.		
Series.		
	I	I

### **Department of Chemistry SBMS College, Sualkuchi**

Subject	Chemistry	Semester		VI			
Course	B.Sc (Hons,)	Paper Code/N	CHE-I	HC-6026: O	rganic Cher	nistry	
Credit	6 (Theory) +2	Marks			60 (Theo	ry)+20(Prct	ical)
	(Practical					•	
Unit	Course	Content	Allott	ed to	Hours	Month	Date
1	Spectroscopy		Dr. Bh	abesh	24	Jan-Feb	18/01/23 to
	Introduction to abso	orption and	Ch. D	<b>D</b> eka			25/03/23
	emission spectrosco	A •					
	UV Spectroscopy: T	* *					
	transitions, λ <sub>max</sub> , Ch	_					
	Auxochromes, Bath						
	Hypsochromic shift	-					
	absorption; Applica	tion of Woodward					
	39						
	Rules for calculatio	n of λmax for the					
	following systems:						
	aldehydes, ketones,						
	and esters; Conjuga	•					
	alicyclic, homoannu	ılar and					
	heteroannular;						
	Extended conjugate						
	(aldehydes, ketones						
	distinction between	cis and trans					
	isomers.	1 . 1 1					
	IR Spectroscopy: Fu						
	non-fundamental m	·					
	IR absorption positic containing function						
	H-bonding, conjuga						
	ring size on IR abso						
	Fingerprint region a						
	application in funct						
	analysis.						
	NMR Spectroscopy.	· Basic principles					
	of Proton Magnetic	· ·					
	chemical shift and f						
	it; Spin – Spin coup						
	constant; Anisotrop	·					
	alkyne, aldehydes a	-					
	Interpetation of NM						
	simple compounds.						
	Electron Spin Reson spectroscopy: Its pr						
	structure, ESR of si						
<u> </u>	Structure, ESIX Of SI	impic radicals.					

2	Applications of IR, UV and NMR for identification of simple organic and inorganic molecules.  Carbohydrates Occurrence, classification and their biological importance. Monosaccharides: Constitution and absolute configuration of glucose and fructose, epimers and anomers, mutarotation, determination of ring size of glucose and fructose, Haworth projections and conformational structures; Interconversions of aldoses and ketoses; Killiani- Fischer synthesis and Ruff degradation; Disaccharides – Structure elucidation of maltose, lactose and sucrose. Polysaccharides – Elementary treatment of starch, cellulose and glycogen.	Dr. Pulin Ch Sarma	16	19/01/23 to 10/03/23
3	Dyes Classification, Colour and constitution; Mordant and Vat Dyes; Synthesis and applications of: Azo dyes – Methyl Orange and Congo Red (mechanism of Diazo Coupling); Triphenyl Methane Dyes -Malachite Green, Rosaniline and Crystal Violet; Phthalein Dyes – Phenolphthalein and Fluorescein; Natural dyes synthesis of Alizarin and Indigotin; Edible Dyes with examples.	Dr. Bhabesh Ch. Deka	8	26/03/2023 to 12/04/2023
4	Polymers Introduction and classification. Number average molecular weight, Weight average molecular weight, Degree of polymerization, Polydispersity Index. Polymerisation reactions -Addition and condensation -Mechanism of cationic, anionic and free radical addition polymerization; Preparation and applications of plastics – thermosetting (phenol-formaldehyde, Polyurethanes) and thermosoftening (PVC, polythene); Fabrics – natural and synthetic (acrylic, polyamido, polyester); Rubbers – natural and synthetic: Buna-S, Chloroprene and Neoprene;	Dr. Pulin Ch Sarma	12	11/03/23 to 12/04/23

	Vyloonization, Dolymon additivos			
	Vulcanization; Polymer additives;			
	Introduction to liquid crystal polymers;			
	Biodegradable and conducting			
	polymers with examples.			
LAB	Extraction of caffeine from tea	Dr. Pulin Ch		19/01/23 to
	leaves.	Sarma	15	10/03/23
	2. Preparation of sodium polyacrylate.			
	3. Preparation of urea formaldehyde.			
	4. Analysis of Carbohydrate: aldoses			
	and ketoses, reducing and non-			
	reducing sugars			
	5. Qualitative analysis of unknown			
	organic compounds containing			
	monofunctional groups (carbohydrates,			
	aryl halides, aromatic hydrocarbons,			
	nitro compounds, amines and amides)			
	and simple bifunctional groups, for			
	e.g. salicylic acid, cinnamic acid,			
	nitrophenols etc.			
	6. Identification of simple organic			
	compounds by IR spectroscopy and		15	
	NMR spectroscopy (Spectra to be	Dr. Bhabesh		
	provided).	Ch. Deka		
	7. Preparation of methyl orange.			

### **Department of Chemistry SBMS College, Sualkuchi**

Subject	Chemistry	Semester		VI			
Course	B.Sc (Hons)	Paper Code/N	ame	Che-H	E-6026: Indu	strial Chemic	cals And
				Enviro	nment		
Credit	4 (Theory) +2	Marks			60 (Theory)+20(Prctical)		cal)
	(Practical						
Unit	Course	Content	Allotte	ed to	Hours	Month	Date
1	Industrial Gases and	nd Inorganic	Dr Pul	in Ch	10	Jan-Feb	18/01/23 to
	Chemicals	_	Sarr	na			10/02/23
	Industrial Gases: L	arge scale					
	production, uses, sto	orage and hazards					
	in handling of the						
	following gases: ox						
	argon, neon, helium	, hydrogen,					
	acetylene, carbon						
	monoxide, chlorine,	_					
	dioxide and phosger						
	Inorganic Chemical						
	application, analysis	s and nazards in					
	<u> </u>	handling the					
	_	following chemicals: hydrochloric acid, nitric acid, sulphuric acid, caustic					
	soda, common salt,	piluric acia, caustic					
	borax, bleaching po	wder sodium					
	thiosulphate, hydrog						
	potash alum, chrom						
	alum, potassium dic						
	potassium permanga						
2	Industrial Metallu		Dr Pul	in Ch	4	Feb	11/02/23 to
	Preparation of meta		Sarı	na			18/02/23
	nonferrous) and ultr	apure metals for					
	semiconductor						
	technology.						
3	Environment and	_	Dr Pul		30	Mar-Apr	13/03/23 to
	Ecosystems. Biogeo		Sarı	na			12/04/23
	carbon, nitrogen and						
	Air Pollution: Majo						
	atmosphere. Chemic						
	photochemical reac						
	atmosphere. Air pol						
	sources, particle siz						
	smog: its constituen						
	photochemistry. En						
	of ozone, Major sou						
	air pollution.	1005 01					
	un ponunon.						

	Pollution by SO <sub>2</sub> , CO <sub>2</sub> , CO, NO <sub>x</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> S				
	and other foul smelling gases. Methods				
	of estimation				
	of CO, NOx, SOx and control				
	procedures.				
	Effects of air pollution on living				
	organisms and vegetation. Greenhouse				
	effect and Global				
	warming, Ozone depletion by oxides				
	of nitrogen, chlorofluorocarbons and				
	<b>C</b> .				
	Halogens, removal				
	of sulphur from coal. Control of				
	particulates.				
	Water Pollution: Hydrological cycle,				
	water resources, aquatic ecosystems,				
	Sources and				
	nature of water pollutants, Techniques				
	for measuring water pollution, Impacts				
	of water				
	pollution on hydrological and				
	ecosystems.				
	Water purification methods. Effluent				
	treatment plants (primary, secondary				
	and tertiary				
	treatment). Industrial effluents from				
	the following industries and their				
	treatment:				
	electroplating, textile, tannery, dairy,				
	petroleum and petrochemicals, agro,				
	fertilizer, etc.				
	Sludge disposal.				
	Industrial waste management,				
	incineration of waste. Water treatment				
	and purification				
	(reverse osmosis, electro dialysis, ion				
	exchange). Water quality parameters				
	for waste water,				
	industrial water and domestic water.				
	(30 Lectures)				
4	Energy & Environment	Dr Pulin Ch	10	19/2/23 to	Feb-Mar
_	Sources of energy: Coal, petrol and	Sarma	-	04/03/23	
	natural gas. Nuclear Fusion / Fission,				
	Solar energy,				
	Hydrogen, geothermal, Tidal and				
	Hydel, etc.				
	Nuclear Pollution: Disposal of nuclear				
	waste, nuclear disaster and its				
	management.				
_	(10 Lectures)	D D 11 C1			05/02/22
5	Biocatalysis	Dr Pulin Ch			05/03/23 to
	Introduction to biocatalysis:	Sarma			12/03/23

	Importance in "Green Chemistry" and			
	Chemical Industry.			
	(6 Lectures)			
LAB	1. Determination of dissolved oxygen	Dr Pulin Ch	30	18/01/23 to
	in water.	Sarma		12/04/23
	2. Determination of Chemical Oxygen			
	Demand (COD)			
	3. Determination of Biological Oxygen			
	Demand (BOD)			
	4. Percentage of available chlorine in			
	bleaching powder.			
	5. Measurement of chloride, sulphate			
	and salinity of water samples by			
	simple titration			
	method (AgNO <sub>3</sub> and potassium			
	chromate).			
	6. Estimation of total alkalinity of			
	water samples (CO <sub>3</sub>			
	2-, HCO <sub>3</sub>			
	-) using double titration			
	method.			
	7. Measurement of dissolved CO <sub>2</sub> .			
	8. Study of some of the common bio-			
	indicators of pollution.			
	9. Estimation of SPM in air samples.			
	10. Preparation of borax/ boric acid.			

### **Department of Chemistry SBMS College, Sualkuchi**

Subject	Chemistry	Semester		VI			
Course	B.Sc (Regular)	Paper Code/N	ame	Che-R	E-6026: Indu	strial Chemic	cals And
				Enviro	nment		
Credit	4 (Theory) +2	Marks			60 (Theory)+20(Prctical)		cal)
	(Practical						
Unit	Course	Content	Allotte	ed to	Hours	Month	Date
1	Industrial Gases and	nd Inorganic	Mr. Ka	ngkan	10	Jan-Feb	18/01/23 to
	Chemicals	_	K Ba	rua			10/02/23
	Industrial Gases: L	arge scale					
	production, uses, sto	orage and hazards					
	in handling of the						
	following gases: ox						
	argon, neon, helium	, hydrogen,					
	acetylene, carbon						
	monoxide, chlorine,	_					
	dioxide and phosger						
	Inorganic Chemical						
	application, analysis	s and nazards in					
	handling the	e hydrochloria					
	_	following chemicals: hydrochloric acid, nitric acid, sulphuric acid, caustic					
	soda, common salt,	pilarie acia, caastie					
	borax, bleaching po	wder, sodium					
	thiosulphate, hydrog						
	potash alum, chrom						
	alum, potassium dic						
	potassium permanga						
2	Industrial Metallu		Mr. Ka	ngkan	4	Feb	11/02/23 to
	Preparation of meta		K Ba				18/02/23
	nonferrous) and ultr	apure metals for					
	semiconductor						
	technology.						
3	Environment and	_	Mr. Ka	_	30	Mar-Apr	13/03/23 to
	Ecosystems. Biogeo		K Ba	rua			12/04/23
	carbon, nitrogen and						
	Air Pollution: Majo						
	atmosphere. Chemic						
	photochemical reac						
	atmosphere. Air pol sources, particle siz						
	nature; Photochemic						
	smog: its constituen						
	photochemistry. En						
	of ozone, Major sou						
	air pollution.						
	Pontation.				i		

	Pollution by SO <sub>2</sub> , CO <sub>2</sub> , CO, NO <sub>x</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> S				
	and other foul smelling gases. Methods				
	of estimation				
	of CO, NO <sub>x</sub> , SO <sub>x</sub> and control				
	procedures.				
	Effects of air pollution on living				
	organisms and vegetation. Greenhouse				
	effect and Global				
	warming, Ozone depletion by oxides				
	of nitrogen, chlorofluorocarbons and				
	<u> </u>				
	Halogens, removal				
	of sulphur from coal. Control of				
	particulates.				
	Water Pollution: Hydrological cycle,				
	water resources, aquatic ecosystems,				
	Sources and				
	nature of water pollutants, Techniques				
	for measuring water pollution, Impacts				
	of water				
	pollution on hydrological and				
	ecosystems.				
	Water purification methods. Effluent				
	treatment plants (primary, secondary				
	and tertiary				
	treatment). Industrial effluents from				
	the following industries and their				
	treatment:				
	electroplating, textile, tannery, dairy,				
	petroleum and petrochemicals, agro,				
	fertilizer, etc.				
	Sludge disposal.				
	Industrial waste management,				
	incineration of waste. Water treatment				
	and purification				
	(reverse osmosis, electro dialysis, ion				
	exchange). Water quality parameters				
	for waste water,				
	industrial water and domestic water.				
	(30 Lectures)				
4	Energy & Environment	Mr. Kangkan	10	19/2/23 to	Feb-Mar
•	Sources of energy: Coal, petrol and	K Barua		04/03/23	
	natural gas. Nuclear Fusion / Fission,			3 1, 32, 22	
	Solar energy,				
	Hydrogen, geothermal, Tidal and				
	Hydel, etc.				
	Nuclear Pollution: Disposal of nuclear				
	waste, nuclear disaster and its				
	management.				
	(10 Lectures)	3.6. **			05/02/25
5	Biocatalysis	Mr. Kangkan			05/03/23 to
	Introduction to biocatalysis:	K Barua			12/03/23

	Importance in "Green Chemistry" and			
	Chemical Industry.			
	(6 Lectures)			
LAB	1. Determination of dissolved oxygen	Mr. Kangkan	30	18/01/23 to
	in water.	K Barua		12/04/23
	2. Determination of Chemical Oxygen			
	Demand (COD)			
	3. Determination of Biological Oxygen			
	Demand (BOD)			
	4. Percentage of available chlorine in			
	bleaching powder.			
	5. Measurement of chloride, sulphate			
	and salinity of water samples by			
	simple titration			
	method (AgNO <sub>3</sub> and potassium			
	chromate).			
	6. Estimation of total alkalinity of			
	water samples (CO <sub>3</sub>			
	2-, HCO <sub>3</sub>			
	-) using double titration			
	method.			
	7. Measurement of dissolved CO <sub>2</sub> .			
	8. Study of some of the common bio-			
	indicators of pollution.			
	9. Estimation of SPM in air samples.			
	10. Preparation of borax/ boric acid.			