2014

PHILOSOPHY

(Major)

Paper: 3.1

Full Marks: 80

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Answer the following questions:

1×10=10

- (a) What does Upanisad mean?
- (b) The Gītā is particularly influenced by which two Upanişads?
- (c) What does 'Tat tvam asi' mean?
- (d) What is the 'summum bonum' of Cārvāka?
- (e) What is the source of knowledge of Cārvāka?
- (f) What does 'Tīrthankara' mean?

(g)	What is the other name of Mahavira?		
(h)	What does 'Buddha' mean?		
(i)	'Nirvāṇa' is related with which Noble Truth of Buddhism?		
(j)	What is the main religious book of Buddhism?		
Answer the following in brief: $2 \times 5 = 10$			
(a)	According to Indian philosophy, there are three kinds of pains or sufferings. What are they?		
(b)	Out of the four human values, which two are accepted by Cārvāka?		
(c)	How many nayas are there in Jainism?		
(d)	Why does Cārvāka not admit Ākāśa?		
(e)	What do you mean by 'Dharma Chakra'?		
Writ	te short notes on any four of the following: $5\times4=20$		
(a)	Ātmā of Upaniṣad		
(b)	Anumana of Cārvāka		
(c)	Āstika philosophy		

	(d) Syādvāda of Jainism	
	(e) Third Noble Truth of Buddha	
	(f) Buddha's view on Ātmā	
4.		10
	Or	
	How does Upanișads influence Āstika philosophy? Discuss.	
5.	Explain Cārvāka theory of Knowledge.	10
	Or	
	Discuss the metaphysical and ethical views of	
	Cārvāka philosophy. 5+5=	10
6.	Explain Anekāntavāda as metaphysical view of Jaina philosophy.	10
	Or	
	Write a short essay on Jaina philosophy.	
7.	Discuss fully the Fourth Noble Truth of Buddha.	10
	Or	
	Explain fully the Second Noble Truth of Buddha.	

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